UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K/A

(Amendment No. 1)

| | (Amendment 140. 1) | |
|--|--|--|
| ☐ ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF | THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE A | ACT OF 1934 |
| | fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 | |
| ☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) | • | GE ACT OF 1934 |
| | the transition period from to | defici of 1751 |
| | nmission file number: 000-30653 | |
| Con | minission me number. 000-30033 | |
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| | | |
| | GALAXY GAMING | |
| Ga | laxy Gaming, Inc. | |
| | mall business issuer as specified in its | charter) |
| - | | |
| Nevada | | 20-8143439 |
| (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) | | (IRS Employer Identification No.) |
| | on Street Ste. 305 – Las Vegas, NV 8 (ddress of principal executive offices) | 89118 |
| | (702) 939-3254 (Registrant's telephone number) | |
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| Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Act: | | |
| Title of each class | Trading symbol | Name of exchange on which registered |
| Common stock | GLXZ | OTCQB marketplace |
| Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in | | |
| Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Sectio | * / | |
| Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be file period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to significant to sign | | |
| Indicate by check mark whether the issuer has submitted electronically every Interactiv preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to subn | e Data File required to be submitted pursuan | |
| Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emergi | filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller report | |
| Large accelerated filer ☐ Accelerated filer ☐ Non-accelerated filer ☐ Smaller reporting | | = |
| If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected no pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. $\ \Box$ | t to use the extended transition period for co | mplying with any new or revised financial accounting standard provided |
| Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that μ | | ess of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the |
| If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark issued financial statements. \Box | whether the financial statements of the regis | trant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously |
| Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that req the relevant recovery period pursuant to $\$240.10D-1(b)$. \square | uired a recovery analysis of incentive-based | compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during |
| Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12 | | |
| State the aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by | | rice at which the common equity was last sold, or the average bid and asked |

Explanatory Note

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: 24,411,098 common shares as of March 15, 2023.

In Note 3 to the Financial Statements included in the Form 10-K filed on March 31, 2023, the 2022 values in the table that presents the disaggregation of revenue by geography were transposed due to a clerical error. The error is corrected in this 10-K/A.

${\bf GALAXY\ GAMING, INC.}$ ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report contains statements that do not relate to historical or current facts but are "forward-looking" statements. These statements relate to analyses and other information based on forecasts of future results and estimates of amounts not yet determinable. These statements may also relate to future events or trends, our future prospects and proposed new products, services, developments or business strategies, among other things. These statements can generally (although not always) be identified by their use of terms and phrases such as anticipate, appear, believe, could, would, estimate, expect, indicate, intent, may, plan, predict, project, pursue, will continue and other similar terms and phrases, as well as the use of the future tense.

Actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied in our forward-looking statements. Our future financial condition and results of operations, as well as any forward-looking statements, are subject to change and to inherent known and unknown risks and uncertainties. You should not assume at any point in the future that the forward-looking statements in this report are still valid. We do not intend, and undertake no obligation, to update our forward-looking statements to reflect future events or circumstances.

PART I

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

BUSINESS

Unless the context indicates otherwise, references to "Galaxy Gaming, Inc.," "we," "our," or the "Company," refer to Galaxy Gaming, Inc., a Nevada corporation ("Galaxy Gaming").

We are an established global gaming company specializing in the design, development, acquisition, assembly, marketing and licensing of proprietary casino table games and associated technology, platforms and systems for the casino gaming industry. Casinos use our proprietary products and services to enhance their gaming operations and improve their profitability, productivity and security, as well as to offer popular cutting-edge gaming entertainment content and technology to their players. We market our products and services to online casinos worldwide and to land-based casino gaming companies in North America, the Caribbean, Central America, the United Kingdom, Europe and Africa and to cruise ship companies. We license our products and services for use solely in legalized gaming markets. We also license our content and distribute content from other companies to iGaming operators throughout the world.

Products and Services

We have two operating segments which are combined into one reporting segment. In our GG Core operating segment, we license our products to gaming establishments in the physical world (casinos, racinos, cruise ships, etc.) and to providers of gaming devices such as electronic table games ("ETG's). In our GG Digital operating segment, we license our products to gaming establishments in the virtual world (online casinos and other gaming-related websites).

Proprietary Table Games. Casinos use Proprietary Table Games together with or in lieu of other games in the public domain (e.g. Blackjack, Craps, Roulette, etc.) because of their popularity with players and to increase profitability. Typically, Proprietary Table Games are grouped into two product types referred to as "Side Bets" and "Premium Games." Side Bets are proprietary features and wagering options typically added to public domain games such as baccarat, pai gow poker, craps and blackjack table games. Examples of our Side Bets include 21+3®, Lucky Ladies® and Bonus Craps™. Premium Games are unique stand-alone games with their own set of rules and strategies. Examples of our Premium Games include Heads Up Hold 'em®, High Card Flush®, Cajun Stud® and Three Card Poker®. Generally, Premium Games generate higher revenue per table placement than the Side Bet games.

Enhanced Table Systems. Enhanced Table Systems are electronic enhancements used on casino table games to add to player appeal and to enhance game security. An example in this category is our Bonus Jackpot System ("BJS"), an advanced electronic system installed on gaming tables designed to collect data by detecting player wagers and other game activities. This information is processed and used to improve casino operations by evaluating game play, to improve dealer efficiency and to reward players through the offering of jackpots and other bonusing mechanisms. Typically, the BJS system includes an electronic video display, known as TableVision, which shows game information designed to generate player interest and to promote various aspects of the game. The BJS system can also be used to network numerous gaming tables together into a common system either within a casino or through the interconnection of multiple casinos, which we refer to as our Inter-Casino Link System. Beginning in 2022, we fundamentally redesigned our Enhanced Table Systems. Our new systems utilize off-the-shelf computer hardware and are developed using widely supported programming languages so as to be easily reviewable by the gaming laboratories that certify these types of products for use in casinos. In 2023, we expect to launch our Galaxy Operating System ("gOS"), a platform product to which we can add new functionality as periodic releases without the need to replace the fundamental hardware or software supporting the platform.

iGaming. On August 21, 2020, we completed the acquisition of 100% of the member interests in Progressive Games Partners, LLC ("PGP"). PGP holds the exclusive worldwide rights to a number of games titles (including ours) for relicensing to operators of online gaming systems worldwide. Prior to the acquisition, PGP had been the exclusive distributor of our games to the online gaming sector; by making the acquisition of PGP, we effectively eliminated the distributor fee that PGP charged us, and we now also receive the revenue PGP earns on the content of other licensors (to whom we pay a royalty fee). In many cases, these online operators provide "white label" gaming infrastructure for many separate online casino brands with the result that the content that PGP licenses can appear on hundreds of online gaming sites. PGP's contracts with online operators prohibit those operators from deploying the content in markets where it is not legal to do so.

Product Strategy. In the physical casino market, we have a "three-dimensional" growth strategy. First, we seek to increase the number of casinos we serve with our games. Second, within a casino, we seek to increase the number of tables on which we have placements. Our current product placements are heavily concentrated around blackjack, and we have developed side bets and other game content to address other table game categories such as baccarat, roulette and craps. Finally, by adding our enhanced systems to tables that already have our content, we can increase the billable units per table. For example, on a blackjack table that has one of our side bets we can add a second side bet and a progressive jackpot for each side bet thereby increasing the billable units for that table from one to four. As of

December 31, 2022, we served 513 casinos worldwide, had content on 5,083 tables in those casinos and had a total of 7,737 billable units in those casinos.

Our strategy in iGaming is similar in that we seek to have our content on as many online tables as possible. However, the structure of the iGaming business is different in that many of our customers are iGaming platform providers that offer a turnkey online gaming solution to online operators who deploy those online offerings directly to the gaming player. To a lesser extent, we license our content to online operators who have their own platform and serve gaming customers directly. The online analog to a casino is called a "skin" where a skin is a separately branded and marketed URL. Online operators often offer multiple skins targeting different markets and using different themes. Our strategy is 1) to have our content on as many skins as possible and 2) to have as many of our games as possible on each skin. As of December 31, 2022, we had content on over 1,600 skins worldwide and approximately four to six game placements on each of those skins. Finally, we expect that additional states in the U.S. will legalize online gaming, allowing our online clients to offer games to a significantly bigger audience.

Recurring Revenue and Gross Profit

A majority of our clients contract with us to use our products and services on a month-to-month basis with typically a 30–45 day termination notice requirement. We invoice our clients monthly, either in advance for unlimited use or in arrears for actual use, depending on the product or contract terms. Such recurring revenues accounted for substantially all of our total revenues in 2022 and 2021. Our license revenues have few direct costs thereby generating high gross profit margins. We do not report "gross profit" in our statements of operations included in this report. Instead, gross profit would be comparable to "revenues" minus "cost of ancillary products and assembled components," both of which are presented in our statements of operations. For the game content that we license in from third parties, we pay royalties to game owners whose content we re-license to casino operators. In our physical casino business, those royalties are included in operating expenses. In our iGaming business, those royalties are deducted from gross revenues and we present revenue net of the royalties.

For more information about our revenues, operating income and assets, see "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Financial Information" included in this report.

STRATEGY

Our long-term business strategy focuses on increasing our value to casino clients by offering them enhanced services and support, and by producing innovative products and game play methodologies that their players enjoy. We believe that by increasing the value of our products and services to clients, we can continue to build our recurring revenues in both existing and new markets. To achieve this objective, we employ the following strategies:

- •Expand our portfolio of services, products and technologies;
- •Increase our per unit revenues by leveraging our Enhanced Table Systems;
- •Expand the number of markets we serve;
- •Grow our iGaming content and partner base; and
- •Promote the use of our game content in adjacent gaming markets.

Expand our portfolio of services, products and technologies. Our strategy is to be an important vendor to casino operators by offering a complete and comprehensive portfolio of services, games, products, systems, technologies and methodologies for casino table games. We continuously develop and/or seek to acquire new proprietary table games to complement our existing offerings and to extend our penetration of proprietary table games on the casino floor. We believe we have a significant opportunity to replicate the success we have had with blackjack side bets by developing content for the other significant public domain casino games of baccarat, roulette and craps.

Increase our revenue per unit by leveraging our Enhanced Table Systems. Our Enhanced Table Systems are placed on tables where we already have our side bet or premium game content deployed. By adding our Enhanced Table Systems, we significantly increase the revenue we earn from that table. Gaming operators deploy the Enhanced Table Systems because they generally increase the win for the casino by an amount that significantly exceeds the cost to license the system from us. Our product strategy includes making Electronic Table Systems that support a multitude of side bets and premium games across several casino game segments (e.g., blackjack, craps, roulette, baccarat, etc.).

Expand the number of markets we serve. In the past, there were table games markets in North America that we could not serve or in which we could not offer our full suite of products and services. In general, this was because we were not licensed to serve casinos in that market or the license we have limits the products and services we can provide. We believe that the redemption transaction we undertook in 2019 (discussed below in the "Significant Business Developments" section) has helped us with our licensing activities in

existing and new markets, and will continue to help us, including table games markets outside of the United States. In the current year, we have received new or expanded licenses in 13 jurisdictions in North America, and 3 new iGaming jurisdictions.

Grow our iGaming content and partner base. We have licensed our content to the iGaming segment for several years through our distributor, PGP. In 2020, we acquired PGP in order to improve our financial results from the iGaming segment by eliminating the distribution fee to PGP and by adding the revenue that PGP earns from licensing the content owned by itself and others. The COVID pandemic has resulted in a significant increase in jurisdictions considering legalizing iGaming, in many cases in concert with legalizing sports wagering. We intend to increase our revenues from iGaming in several ways. First, we expect that our existing licensees will see growth in their current markets while adding new markets in the U.S. and elsewhere. Second, we intend to add new licensees in the iGaming segment. And finally, we intend to add to the number of games that we license to both existing and new licensees.

Promote the use of our game content in adjacent gaming markets. We have game content that is well-known and popular in physical casinos and online casinos. One example is the Electronic Table Games ("ETG") market, which offers table game content on touch-screen video devices. As casinos face rising labor costs, table games can become unprofitable at low bet minimums, and we believe casinos may seek to expand the use of ETGs to address this shortfall. Another example is lotteries (both ticket lotteries and iLotteries), where our well-known game content may attract patrons to lotteries as another way to enjoy it. There may be regulatory restrictions on the use of casino gaming content in certain lottery markets, but the addressable market is large even excluding these markets.

COMPETITION

We compete with several companies that develop and provide proprietary table games, electronic gaming platforms, game enhancements and related services. We believe that the principal competitive factors in our market include products and services that appeal to casinos and players, jurisdictional approvals and a well-developed sales and distribution network.

We believe that our success will depend upon our ability to remain competitive in our field. Competition can be based on price, brand recognition, player appeal and the strength of underlying intellectual property and superior customer service. Larger competitors may have longer operating histories, greater brand recognition, more firmly established supply relationships, superior capital resources, distribution and product inventory than we do. Smaller competitors may be more able to participate in developing and marketing table games, compared to other gaming products, because of the lower cost and complexity associated with the development of these products and a generally less stringent regulatory environment. We compete with others in efforts to obtain or create innovative products, obtain financing, acquire other gaming companies, and license and distribute products. We compete on these bases, as well as on the strength of our sales, service and distribution channels.

Our competitors include, but are not limited to, Light & Wonder, Inc.; International Game Technology; Play AGS, Inc.; TCS/John Huxley; and Masque Publishing. Most of these competitors are larger than we are, have more financial resources than we do, and have more business segments than we do. In addition, we expect additional competitors to emerge in the future. There can be no assurances that we will be able to compete effectively in the future and failure to compete successfully in the market could have a material adverse effect on our business.

SUPPLIERS

We own outright the content for Side Bets and Premium Games and we license games from others; to whom we pay royalty fees when we license those games to others (including in the online gaming sector). We generally have multi-year licensing agreements for this content. With respect to our Enhanced Table Systems, we obtain most of the parts for our products from third-party suppliers, including both off-the-shelf items as well as components manufactured to our specifications. We also assemble a small number of parts in-house that are used both for product assembly and for servicing existing products. We generally perform warehousing, quality control, final assembly and shipping functions from our facilities in Las Vegas, Nevada, although small inventories are maintained, and repairs are performed by our field service employees.

In our iGaming business, we license some of our game content from other providers for re-licensing to online operators along with the content we own outright. We pay royalties to the owners of the content that we license from them.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

We seek to develop and maintain a robust pipeline of new products and services to bring to market. We employ a staff of hardware and software engineers, graphic artists and game developers at our corporate offices to support, improve and upgrade our products and to develop and explore other potential table game products, technologies, methodologies and services. We also will use outside services for research and development from time to time.

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Our products and the intellectual property associated with them are typically protected by patents, trademarks, copyrights and non-compete agreements. However, there can be no assurance that the steps we have taken to protect our intellectual property will be sufficient. Further, in the United States certain court rulings may make it difficult to enforce patents around the math relating to casino games, which makes us more dependent on copyrights and trademarks for protection. In addition, the laws of some foreign countries do not protect intellectual property to the same extent as the laws of the United States, which could increase the likelihood of infringement. Furthermore, other companies could develop similar or superior products without violating our intellectual property rights. If we resort to legal proceedings to enforce our intellectual property rights, the proceedings could be burdensome, disruptive and expensive, and distract the attention of management, and there can be no assurance that we would prevail.

We have been subject to litigation claiming that we have infringed the rights of others and/or that certain of our patents and other intellectual property are invalid or unenforceable. We have also brought actions against others to protect our rights.

GOVERNMENT REGULATION

We are subject to regulation by governmental authorities in most jurisdictions in which we offer our products. The development and distribution of casino games, gaming equipment, systems technology and related services, as well as the operation of casinos, are all subject to regulation by a variety of federal, state, international, tribal, and local agencies with the majority of oversight provided by individual state gaming control boards. While the regulatory requirements vary by jurisdiction, most require:

- •Findings of suitability for the Company, individual officers, directors, key employees and major shareholders;
- •Documentation of qualification, including evidence of financial stability;
- •Specific product approvals for games and gaming equipment; and
- •Licenses, registrations and/or permits.

Gaming regulatory requirements vary from jurisdiction to jurisdiction, and obtaining licenses, registrations, findings of suitability for our officers, directors, and principal stockholders and other required approvals with respect to us, our personnel and our products are time consuming and expensive. Generally, gaming regulatory authorities have broad discretionary powers and may deny applications for or revoke approvals on any basis they deem reasonable. We have approvals that enable us to conduct our business in numerous jurisdictions, subject in each case to the conditions of the particular approvals. These conditions may include limitations as to the type of game or product we may sell or lease, as well as limitations on the type of facility, such as riverboats, and the territory within which we may operate, such as tribal nations. Gaming laws and regulations serve to protect the public interest and ensure gambling related activity is conducted honestly, competitively and free of corruption. Regulatory oversight additionally ensures that the local authorities receive the appropriate amount of gaming tax revenues. As such, our financial systems and reporting functions must demonstrate high levels of detail and integrity.

We also have authorizations with certain Native American tribes throughout the United States that have compacts with the states in which their tribal dominions are located or operate or propose to operate casinos. These tribes generally require suppliers of gaming and gaming-related equipment to obtain authorizations. Gaming on Native American lands within the United States is governed by the Federal Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988 ("IGRA") and specific tribal ordinances and regulations. Class III gaming (table games and slot machines, for example), as defined under IGRA, also requires a Tribal-State Compact, which is a written agreement between a specific tribe and the respective state. This compact authorizes the type of Class III gaming activity and the standards, procedures and controls under which the Class III gaming activity must be conducted. The National Indian Gaming Commission ("NIGC") has oversight authority over gaming on Native American lands and generally monitors tribal gaming, including the establishment and enforcement of required minimum internal control standards. Each tribe is sovereign and must have a tribal gaming commission or office established to regulate tribal gaming activity to ensure compliance with IGRA, NIGC, and its Tribal-State Compact. We have complied with each of the numerous vendor licensing, specific product approvals and shipping notification requirements imposed by Tribal-State Compacts and enforced by tribal and/or state gaming agencies under IGRA in the Native American lands in which we do business.

The nature of the industry and our worldwide operations make the license application process very time consuming and require extensive resources. We engage legal resources familiar with local customs in certain jurisdictions to assist in keeping us compliant with applicable regulations worldwide. Through this process, we seek to assure both regulators and investors that all our operations maintain the highest levels of integrity and avoid any appearance of impropriety.

We have obtained or applied for all required government licenses, permits, registrations, findings of suitability and approvals necessary to develop and distribute gaming products in all jurisdictions where we directly operate. Although many regulations at each level are similar or overlapping, we must satisfy all conditions individually for each jurisdiction. Additionally, in certain jurisdictions we license our products through distributors authorized to do business in those jurisdictions.

In addition to what may be required of our officers, board members, key employees and substantial interest holders, any of our stakeholders, including but not limited to investors, may be subject to regulatory requests and suitability findings. Failure to comply with regulatory requirements or obtaining a finding of unsuitability by a regulatory body could result in a substantial or total loss of investment.

In the future, we intend to seek the necessary registrations, licenses, approvals, and findings of suitability for us, our products, and our personnel in other jurisdictions throughout the world. However, we may be unable to obtain such necessary items, or if such items are obtained, may be revoked, suspended, or conditioned. In addition, we may be unable to obtain on a timely basis, or to obtain at all, the necessary approvals of our future products as they are developed, even in those jurisdictions in which we already have existing products licensed or approved. If the necessary registrations are not sought after or the required approvals not received, we may be prohibited from selling our products in that jurisdiction or may be required to sell our products through other licensed entities at a reduced profit.

EMPLOYEES

As of December 31, 2022, we had 42 full-time employees, including executive officers, management personnel, accounting personnel, office staff, sales staff, service technicians and research and development personnel. As needed, we also employ part-time and temporary employees and pay for the services of independent contractors.

RECENT BUSINESS DEVELOPMENTS

Share Redemption. On May 6, 2019, we redeemed all 23,271,667 shares (approximately 57.3% of the then-outstanding stock) of our common stock held by Triangulum Partners, LLC ("Triangulum"), an entity controlled by Robert B. Saucier ("Saucier"), Galaxy Gaming's founder, and, prior to the redemption, the holder of a majority of our outstanding common stock. Our Articles of Incorporation (the "Articles") provide that if certain events occur in relation to a stockholder that is required to undergo a gaming suitability review or similar investigative process, we have the option to purchase all or any part of such stockholder's shares at a price per share that is equal to the average closing share price over the thirty calendar days preceding the purchase. The average closing share price over the thirty calendar days preceding the redemption was \$1.68 per share.

The consideration owed to Triangulum for the redemption was \$39,096,401 (the "Redemption Consideration Obligation"). Litigation between the Company and Triangulum related to the redemption and other matters was settled pursuant to a settlement agreement by a payment from the Company to Triangulum of the Redemption Consideration Obligation on November 15, 2021. See Note 9 to our audited consolidated financial statements included in Item 8 "Financial Statements and Supplementary Financial Information" for further details.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

A smaller reporting company is not required to provide the information required by this Item.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

A smaller reporting company is not required to provide the information required by this Item.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

We do not own any real property used in the operation of our current business. We maintain our corporate office at 6480 Cameron Street, Suite 305, Las Vegas, Nevada, where we currently occupy approximately 14,000 square feet of combined office and warehouse space. We also maintain a small warehouse and service facility in Kent, Washington and a small office in Richland, Washington. See Note 8 to our audited financial statements included in Item 8 "Financial Statements and Supplementary Financial Information" for further details.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We have been named in and have brought lawsuits in the normal course of business. See Note 10 to our audited financial statements included in Item 8 "Financial Statements and Supplementary Financial Information" for further details.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

A smaller reporting company is not required to provide the information required by this Item.

PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Our common stock is quoted on the OTCQB marketplace ("OTCQB") under the ticker symbol GLXZ.

The following table sets forth the range of high and low closing sale prices for our common stock for each of the periods indicated as reported by the OTCQB.

| | | 2 | 2022 | | | | |
|---------------|---------------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|--|--|
| | Quarter Ended | High (\$) | Low (\$) | High (\$) | Low (\$) | | |
| March 31, | | 4.63 | 3.53 | 3.02 | 1.72 | | |
| June 30, | | 5.39 | 3.20 | 3.70 | 2.70 | | |
| September 30, | | 3.90 | 2.35 | 4.64 | 3.68 | | |
| December 31, | | 2.75 | 2.15 | 4.45 | 3.67 | | |

The Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") has adopted rules that regulate broker-dealer practices in connection with transactions in penny stocks. Penny stocks are generally equity securities with a market price of less than \$5.00, other than securities registered on certain national securities exchanges or quoted on the NASDAQ system, provided that current price and volume information with respect to transactions in such securities is provided by the exchange or system. The penny stock rules require a broker-dealer, prior to a transaction in a penny stock, to deliver a standardized risk disclosure document prepared by the SEC, that: (a) contains a description of the nature and level of risk in the market for penny stocks in both public offerings and secondary trading; (b) contains a description of the broker's or dealer's duties to the customer and of the rights and remedies available to the customer with respect to a violation of such duties or other requirements of the securities laws; (c) contains a brief, clear, narrative description of a dealer market, including bid and ask prices for penny stocks and the significance of the spread between the bid and ask price; (d) contains a toll-free telephone number for inquiries on disciplinary actions; (e) defines significant terms in the disclosure document or in the conduct of trading in penny stocks; and (f) contains such other information and is in such form, including language, type size and format, as the SEC shall require by rule or regulation.

The broker-dealer also must provide, prior to effecting any transaction in a penny stock, the customer with (a) bid and offer quotations for the penny stock; (b) the compensation of the broker-dealer and its salesperson in the transaction; (c) the number of shares to which such bid and ask prices apply, or other comparable information relating to the depth and liquidity of the market for such stock; and (d) a monthly account statement showing the market value of each penny stock held in the customer's account.

In addition, the penny stock rules require that prior to a transaction in a penny stock not otherwise exempt from those rules, the broker-dealer must make a special written determination that the penny stock is a suitable investment for the purchaser and receive the purchaser's written acknowledgment of the receipt of a risk disclosure statement, a written agreement as to transactions involving penny stocks, and a signed and dated copy of a written suitability statement.

These disclosure requirements may have the effect of reducing the trading activity for our common stock. Therefore, stockholders may have difficulty buying or selling our securities.

HOLDERS OF OUR COMMON STOCK

As of March 15, 2023, we had 24,411,098 shares of our common stock issued and outstanding and 41 shareholders of record.

DIVIDEND POLICY

There are no restrictions in our articles of incorporation or bylaws that prevent us from declaring dividends. The Nevada Revised Statutes, however, do prohibit us from declaring dividends where after giving effect to the distribution of the dividend:

- •We would not be able to pay our debts as they become due in the usual course of business; or
- •Our total assets would be less than the sum of our total liabilities plus the amount that would be needed to satisfy the rights of shareholders who have preferential rights superior to those receiving the distribution.

We have not declared any dividends, and we do not plan to declare any dividends in the foreseeable future. Even though we repaid in full the borrowings we made in 2020 from the MSPLP, we were prohibited from paying dividends or making share repurchases for one year after the repayment. In addition, the Fortress Credit Agreement imposes significant restrictions on our ability to pay dividends. See Note 9 to our audited consolidated financial statements included in Item 8 "Financial Statements and Supplementary Financial Information" for further details.

TRANSFER AGENT

Our stock transfer agent and registrar is Pacific Stock Transfer Company. located at 6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 300, Las Vegas, Nevada, 89119. Their telephone number is (540) 216-0187.

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following is a discussion and analysis of our financial condition, results of operations and liquidity and capital resources as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. This discussion should be read together with our audited consolidated financial statements and related notes included in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Financial Information. Some of the information contained in this discussion includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties; therefore our "Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" should be reviewed for a discussion of important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results described in, or implied by, such forward-looking statements.

OVERVIEW

We develop, acquire, assemble and market technology and entertainment-based products and services for the gaming industry for placement on casino floors and on legal internet gaming sites. Our products and services primarily relate to licensed casino operators' table games activities and focus on either increasing their profitability, productivity and security or expanding their gaming entertainment offerings in the form of proprietary table games, electronically enhanced table game platforms, fully-automated electronic tables and other ancillary equipment. In addition, we license intellectual property to legal internet gaming operators. Our products and services are offered in highly regulated markets throughout the world. Our products are assembled at our headquarters in Las Vegas, Nevada, as well as outsourced for certain sub-assemblies in the United States.

Results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. For the year ended December 31, 2022, we generated gross revenues of \$23,442,306 compared to \$19,984,378 in 2021, representing an increase of \$3,457,928, or 17.3%. Revenues in our GG Core operating segment increased 13.6%, from \$13,556,436 to \$15,399,059. This increase was directly attributable to the re-opening of a significant portion of our land-based customers in the UK after the restrictions due to the COVID-19 crisis were lifted. Net revenues in our GG Digital operating segment increased 25.1% from \$6,427,943 to \$8,043,247. Our online gaming revenues increased due to our online customers' growth in their traditional markets and their entry into new markets. U.S. revenue in both operating segments in 2022 were adversely impacted by movement of the exchange rates into U.S. Dollars for the Euro and the British Pound beginning in the second quarter of 2022.

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$12,548,033 in 2022 compared to \$10,646,524 in 2021, representing an increase of \$1,901,509 or 17.9%. The increase was driven by increases in salaries and wages, higher professional services fees in legal, consulting, and accounting, and higher travel costs, offset by lower bonus expense.

Research and development expenses were \$584,513 in 2022 compared to \$520,449 in 2021, representing an increase of \$64,064, or 12.3%. This increase was primarily due to increased headcount.

Share-based compensation expenses were \$1,278,068 in 2022 compared to \$1,532,455 in 2021, representing a decrease of \$254,387, or 16.6%. This decrease was due to a reduction in the component of fees paid in shares to members of our Board of Directors and to a reduction in the amortization of share-based compensation to officers, employees and consultants.

As a result of the changes described above, income from operations was \$6,071,802 in 2022 compared to \$4,345,126 in 2021, an increase of \$1,726,676, or 39.7%.

Total interest expense increased \$5,905,838 to \$7,411,224 in 2022 compared to \$1,505,386 in 2021. The increase was attributable to significantly higher rates of interest on our borrowings. See Note 9 to our audited consolidated financial statements included in Item 8 "Financial Statements and Supplementary Financial Information" for further details.

Share redemption consideration was \$0 in 2022 compared to \$682,469 in 2021. The reduction is due to the payment in full of the Triangulum Redemption Consideration in November 2021. See Note 9 to our audited consolidated financial statements included in Item 8 "Financial Statements and Supplementary Financial Information" for further details.

The income tax expense was \$208,887 in 2022 based on an effective rate of (12.85)% compared to the benefit of \$48,637 in 2021 based on an effective rate of 2.25%. The (12.85)% effective tax rate for 2022 differed from the statutory federal income tax rate of 21% and was primarily attributable to (i) 2020 and 2021 tax impact of Employee Retention Credit applied for by the Company in Q4 2022 and recorded in 2022; (ii) increased tax benefit from the exercise of stock options; (iii) the increased foreign rate differential; (iii) increased foreign tax credit carryover not utilized in 2021 and carried over to future periods; and (iv) the Company maintaining a valuation allowance against its deferred tax assets.

Adjusted Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization ("EBITDA"). Adjusted EBITDA includes adjustments to net income (loss) to exclude interest, income taxes, depreciation, amortization, share based compensation, foreign currency exchange loss, change in fair value of interest rate swap liability and severance and other expenses related to litigation. Adjusted EBITDA is not a measure of performance defined in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"). However, Adjusted EBITDA is used by management to evaluate our operating performance. Management believes that disclosure of the Adjusted EBITDA metric offers investors, regulators and other stakeholders a view of our operations in the same manner management evaluates our performance. When combined with GAAP results, management believes Adjusted EBITDA provides a comprehensive understanding of our financial results. Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered as an alternative to net income or (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities as a measure of operating results or of liquidity. It may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies, and it excludes financial information that some may consider important in evaluating our performance. A reconciliation of GAAP net income to Adjusted EBITDA is as follows:

| | Years ended December 31, | | | |
|--|--------------------------|-------------|-----|-----------|
| Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation: | 2 | 022 | 202 | 1 |
| Net (loss) income | \$ | (1,773,189) | \$ | 2,111,812 |
| Interest expense | | 7,411,224 | | 1,505,386 |
| Share redemption consideration | | _ | | 682,469 |
| Interest income | | (71,223) | | (2,048) |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 2,761,359 | | 2,858,991 |
| Share-based compensation | | 1,278,068 | | 1,532,455 |
| Foreign currency exchange loss (gain) | | 290,394 | | 64,879 |
| Change in fair value of interest | | | | (66,000.) |
| rate swap liability | | _ | | (66,009) |
| Provision (benefit) for income taxes | | 208,887 | | 48,637 |
| Other non-recurring income | | 5,709 | | _ |
| Severance expense | | 28,477 | | 12,596 |
| Special project expense (benefit) - Triangulum | | (86,959) | | 487,712 |
| Special project expense - Other | | 481,737 | | (503,050) |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$ | 10,534,484 | \$ | 8,733,830 |

Liquidity and capital resources. We have generally been able to fund our continuing operations, our investments, and the obligations under our existing borrowings through cash flow from operations. In 2020, as a result of the COVID-19 crisis, we were required to raise funds from financing sources in order to maintain operations. In addition to our normal operations, we may make acquisitions of products, technologies or entire businesses. Our ability to access capital for operations or for acquisitions will depend on conditions in the capital markets and investors' perceptions of our business prospects and such conditions and perceptions may not always favor us.

As of December 31, 2022, we had total current assets of \$24,194,187 and total assets of \$42,010,516. This compares to \$23,119,874 and \$40,452,705, respectively, as of December 31, 2021. The increase in total current assets as of December 31, 2022 was primarily due to an increase in cash and prepaids, offset by a decrease in receivables. The increase in total assets as of December 31, 2022 was due to the increase in current assets and an increase in intangible assets which was largely offset by amortization of pre-existing intangible assets.

Our total current liabilities as of December 31, 2022 increased to \$6,032,441 from \$4,401,071 as of December 31, 2021, primarily due to an increase in payables and accrued expenses, partly offset by a reduction in bonuses payable.

Our business was cash-flow positive in 2022. Based on our current forecast of operations, we believe we will have sufficient liquidity to fund our operations and to meet the obligations under our financing arrangements as they come due over at least the next 12 months.

We continue to file applications for new or enhanced licenses in several jurisdictions, which may result in significant future legal and regulatory expenses. A significant increase in such expenses may require us to postpone growth initiatives or investments in personnel, inventory and research and development of our products. It is our intention to continue such initiatives and investments. However, to the extent we are not able to achieve our growth objectives or raise additional capital, we will need to evaluate the reduction of operating expenses.

Operating activities

Our operating activities provided \$6,391,040 in cash for the year ended December 31, 2022, compared to cash provided of \$6,471,480 in the prior year. Cash provided consisted of \$(1,773,189) in net loss adjusted for \$5,637,684 in non-cash expense addbacks, primarily composed of the change in depreciation and amortization expenses, amortization of debt issuance costs, share-based compensation, foreign currency exchange loss and amortization of right-of-use assets, offset by a \$2,526,545 decrease from changes in assets and liabilities related to operating activities. The change in assets and liabilities related to operating activities, primarily reflects a \$1,077,564

increase in accounts receivable and a \$1,134,653 decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses, offset by \$348,163 increase in prepaids and \$230,265 decrease in operating lease liabilities.

Investing activities

Net cash used in investing activities was \$3,417,337 for the year ended December 31, 2022, and \$701,638 for the year ended December 31, 2021, which resulted primarily from the \$2,000,000 purchase and retirement of the obligation to make contingent payments to a third party out of revenue we receive in licensing our Bonus Craps™ game. The remainder of the 2022 figure and the majority of the 2021 figure is the result of the acquisition of software.

Financing activities

Net cash used in financing activities for the year ended December 31, 2022, was \$745,633. The principal financing activities were the mandatory repayment of \$600,000 on the Fortress Credit Agreement and payment of \$658,550 on insurance notes payable, largely offset by the proceeds from stock option exercises.

Net cash provided by financing activities for the year ended December 31, 2021, was \$4,362,293, consisting primarily of the cash proceeds from the Fortress Credit Agreement and the proceeds from stock option exercise, which was offset by the pay-off of the Nevada State Bank ("NSB") Term Loan, the Revolving Loan, the MSPLP and the Triangulum promissory note.

Critical Accounting Policies. Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. We consider the following accounting policies to be the most important to understanding and evaluating our financial results:

Revenue recognition. We account for our revenue in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. We generate revenue primarily from the licensing of our intellectual property. We recognize revenue under recurring fee license contracts monthly as we satisfy our performance obligation, which consists of granting the customer the right to use our intellectual property. Amounts billed are determined based on flat rates or usage rates stipulated in the customer contract.

Goodwill and other intangible assets. Goodwill and other intangible assets are assessed for impairment at least annually or at other times during the year if events or circumstances indicate that it is more-likely-than-not that the fair value of a reporting asset is below the carrying amount. If found to be impaired, the carrying amounts will be reduced, and an impairment loss will be recognized.

Recently issued accounting pronouncements. We do not expect the adoption of recently issued accounting pronouncements to have a significant impact on our results of operations, financial position or cash flow.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

A smaller reporting company is not required to provide the information required by this Item.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Shareholders and the Board of Directors Galaxy Gaming, Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Galaxy Gaming, Inc. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss), stockholders' deficit, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures to respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matters

Critical audit matters are matters arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that were communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that (1) relate to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. We determined that there are no critical audit matters.

/s/ Moss Adams LLP

San Diego, California March 30, 2023

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2020.

GALAXY GAMING, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

| ASSETS | I | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|--|----------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Current assets: | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 18,237,513 | \$ 16,058,714 |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$183,242 and \$348,695, respectively | | 3,449,753 | 4,377,165 |
| Income tax receivable | | 515,259 | 1,536,682 |
| Prepaid expenses | | 1,402,824 | 1,125,777 |
| Other current assets | | 588,838 | 21,536 |
| Total current assets | | 24,194,187 | 23,119,874 |
| Property and equipment, net | | 143,438 | 98,594 |
| Operating lease right-of-use assets | | 1,002,749 | 1,167,903 |
| Assets deployed at client locations, net | | 1,399,708 | 1,130,983 |
| Goodwill | | 1,091,000 | 1,091,000 |
| Other intangible assets, net | | 13,906,111 | 13,677,264 |
| Other assets | | 273,323 | 167,087 |
| Total assets | \$ | 42,010,516 | \$ 40,452,705 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT | <u> </u> | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 1,129,869 | \$ 374,323 |
| Accrued expenses | | 3,697,504 | 2,666,073 |
| Revenue contract liability | | 16,667 | 37,500 |
| Current portion of operating lease liabilities | | 248,317 | 222,806 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | | 940,084 | 1,100,369 |
| Total current liabilities | | 6,032,441 | 4,401,071 |
| Long-term operating lease liabilities | | 830,289 | 1,019,029 |
| Long-term debt and liabilities, net | | 52,960,772 | 52,143,810 |
| Deferred tax liabilities, net | | 72,401 | 175,218 |
| Total liabilities | | 59,895,903 | 57,739,128 |
| Commitments and Contingencies (See Note 10) | | | |
| Stockholders' deficit | | | |
| Preferred stock, 10,000,000 shares authorized; \$0.001 par value; 0 shares issued and outstanding | | _ | _ |
| Common stock, 65,000,000 shares authorized; \$0.001 par value; 24,411,098 and 23,523,969 shares issued and | | | |
| outstanding, respectively | | 24,411 | 23,524 |
| Additional paid-in capital | | 17,575,396 | 16,380,597 |
| Accumulated deficit | | (35,316,540) | (33,543,351) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | | (168,654) | (147,193) |
| Total stockholders' deficit | | (17,885,387) | (17,286,423) |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit | \$ | 42,010,516 | \$ 40,452,705 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

GALAXY GAMING, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

| | _ | Year Ended | | | |
|--|-----------|------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| | n | ecember 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 | | |
| Revenue: | _ | 2022 | December 51, 2021 | | |
| Licensing fees | \$ | 23,442,306 | \$ 19,984,378 | | |
| Total revenue | | 23,442,306 | 19,984,378 | | |
| Costs and expenses: | | | | | |
| Cost of ancillary products and assembled components | | 198,531 | 80,833 | | |
| Selling, general and administrative | | 12,548,033 | 10,646,524 | | |
| Research and development | | 584,513 | 520,449 | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 2,761,359 | 2,858,991 | | |
| Share-based compensation | | 1,278,068 | 1,532,455 | | |
| Total costs and expenses | | 17,370,504 | 15,639,252 | | |
| Income from operations | | 6,071,802 | 4,345,126 | | |
| Other income (expense): | | | | | |
| Interest income | | 71,223 | 2,048 | | |
| Interest expense | | (7,411,224) | (1,505,386) | | |
| Share redemption consideration | | _ | (682,469) | | |
| Foreign currency exchange loss | | (290,394) | (64,879) | | |
| Change in fair value of interest rate swap liability | | _ | 66,009 | | |
| Other non-recurring (loss) income | | (5,709) | _ | | |
| Total other expense, net | | (7,636,104) | (2,184,677) | | |
| (Loss) income before provision for income taxes | | (1,564,302) | 2,160,449 | | |
| Provision for income taxes | | (208,887) | (48,637) | | |
| Net (loss) income | | (1,773,189) | 2,111,812 | | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | | (21,461) | (184,884) | | |
| Comprehensive (loss) income | <u>\$</u> | (1,794,650) | \$ 1,926,928 | | |
| Net (loss) income per share: | | | | | |
| Basic | \$ | (0.07) | \$ 0.10 | | |
| Diluted | \$ | (0.07) | \$ 0.10 | | |
| Weighted-average shares outstanding: | | | | | |
| Basic | | 24,770,765 | 20,328,110 | | |
| Diluted | _ | 24,770,765 | 21,840,609 | | |
| | | | | | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

GALAXY GAMING, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

| | Common Shares | Amount | Ad | ditional Paid-in Capital | Accumulated Deficit | cumulated Other Comprehensive Loss | То | tal Stockholders' Deficit |
|--|------------------|--------------|----|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|----|------------------------------|
| Beginning balance, January 1, 2021 | 21,970,638 | \$ 21,971 | \$ | 10,798,536 | \$ (35,655,163) | \$ 37,691 | \$ | (24,796,965) |
| Warrants issued in connection with Fortress credit agreement | _ | _ | | 3,149,002 | _ | _ | | 3,149,002 |
| Net income | _ | _ | | _ | 2,111,812 | _ | | 2,111,812 |
| Foreign currency translation loss | _ | _ | | _ | _ | (184,884) | | (184,884) |
| Stock options exercised | 1,094,998 | 1,095 | | 901,062 | _ | _ | | 902,157 |
| Share-based compensation | 458,333 | 458 | | 1,531,997 | _ | _ | | 1,532,455 |
| Balance, December 31, 2021 | 23,523,969 | \$ 23,524 | \$ | 16,380,597 | \$ (33,543,351) | \$ (147,193) | \$ | (17,286,423) |
| Net loss | _ | _ | | _ | (1,773,189) | _ | | (1,773,189) |
| Foreign currency translation loss | _ | _ | | _ | _ | (21,461) | | (21,461) |
| Surrender of options | (365,751) | (366) | | (1,279,767) | _ | _ | | (1,280,133) |
| Stock options exercised | 1,098,831 | 1,099 | | 1,196,652 | _ | _ | | 1,197,751 |
| Share-based compensation | 154,049 | 154 | | 1,277,914 | _ | _ | | 1,278,068 |
| Balance, December 31, 2022 | 24,411,098 | \$ 24,411 | \$ | 17,575,396 | \$ (35,316,540) | \$ (168,654) | \$ | (17,885,387) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

GALAXY GAMING, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

| | | Year Ended | | |
|--|----------|----------------|-----|----------------|
| | Dece | ember 31, 2022 | | ember 31, 2021 |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | , , | | , , , |
| Net (loss) income | \$ | (1,773,189) | \$ | 2,111,812 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 2,761,359 | | 2,858,991 |
| Amortization of right-of-use assets | | 232,190 | | 228,522 |
| Amortization of debt issuance costs and debt discount | | 1,476,545 | | 369,093 |
| Bad debt expense (recovery) | | (121,222) | | 358,160 |
| Loss on disposal of property and equipment | | 113,561 | | 40,109 |
| Change in fair value of interest rate swap liability | | _ | | (66,009) |
| Deferred income tax | | (102,817) | | 24,326 |
| Share-based compensation | | 1,278,068 | | 1,532,455 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts receivable | | 1,077,564 | | (2,367,258) |
| Income tax receivable | | 1,019,825 | | (306,887) |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | | (348,163) | | 680,663 |
| Other assets | | (106,236) | | (49,923) |
| Accounts payable | | 755,808 | | (91,242) |
| Accrued expenses | | 378,845 | | 1,338,195 |
| Revenue contract liability | | (20,833) | | 8,333 |
| Operating lease liabilities | | (230,265) | | (197,860) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | | 6,391,040 | | 6,471,480 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | | |
| Investment in internally developed software | | (685,022) | | (198,667) |
| Investment in purchase of intellectual property | | (2,000,000) | | _ |
| Proceeds from sale of property and equipment | | _ | | 25,000 |
| Acquisition of property and equipment | | (117,013) | | (60,067) |
| Acquisition of assemblies in process assets | | (615,302) | | (467,904) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | | (3,417,337) | | (701,638) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | | | |
| Payments of debt issuance costs | | (59,583) | | (3,138,521) |
| Proceeds from stock option exercises | | 572,500 | | 902,157 |
| Principal payments on long-term debt | | (1,258,550) | | (13,104,942) |
| Proceeds from Fortress Credit Agreement, net | | _ | | 58,800,000 |
| Settlement of Redemption Consideration Obligation | | _ | | (39,096,401) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | | (745,633) | | 4,362,293 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash | | (49,271) | | (66,809) |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | | 2,178,799 | | 10,065,326 |
| Cash and cash equivalents – beginning of period | | 16,058,714 | | 5,993,388 |
| Cash and cash equivalents – end of period | \$ | 18,237,513 | \$ | 16,058,714 |
| Supplemental cash flow information: | | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> |
| Cash paid for interest | \$ | 6,051,676 | \$ | 940,097 |
| • | \$ | 76,663 | \$ | 319,967 |
| Cash paid for income taxes | Φ | 70,003 | Ψ | 319,907 |
| Supplemental schedule of non-cash activities: | 6 | | e e | 2 140 002 |
| Fortress warrants issued | \$ | | \$ | 3,149,002 |
| Insurance acquired under note payable | \$ | 498,265 | \$ | 653,521 |
| Net option settlement and tax withholding through additional paid-in capital | \$ | 1,280,133 | \$ | _ |
| Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease liabilities | \$ | 71,901 | \$ | 28,604 |

GALAXY GAMING, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

NOTE 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Unless the context indicates otherwise, references to "Galaxy Gaming, Inc.," "we," "our," or the "Company," refer to Galaxy Gaming, Inc., a Nevada corporation ("Galaxy Gaming").

We are an established global gaming company specializing in the design, development, acquisition, assembly, marketing and licensing of proprietary casino table games and associated technology, platforms and systems for the casino gaming industry. Casinos use our proprietary products and services to enhance their gaming operations and improve their profitability, productivity and security, as well as to offer popular cutting-edge gaming entertainment content and technology to their players. We market our products and services to online casinos worldwide and to land-based casino gaming companies in North America, the Caribbean, Central America, the United Kingdom, Europe and Africa and to cruise ship companies. We license our products and services for use solely in legalized gaming markets. We also license our content and distribute content from other companies to iGaming operators throughout the world.

Credit Agreement Amendments and Fortress Credit Agreement. See Note 9 for discussion of amendments made to the Company's credit agreement and the entry into the Fortress Credit Agreement.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation. The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") and the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). In the opinion of management, the accompanying consolidated financial statements contain all necessary adjustments (including all those of a recurring nature and those necessary in order for the financial statements to be not misleading) and all disclosures to present fairly our financial position and the results of our operations and cash flows for the periods presented.

Basis of accounting. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with U.S. GAAP.

Use of estimates and assumptions. We are required to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that we believe are reasonable based on our historical experience, contract terms, observance of known trends in our Company and the industry as a whole, and information available from other outside sources. Our estimates affect reported amounts for assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and related disclosures. Actual results may differ from initial estimates.

Consolidation. The financial statements are presented on a consolidated basis and include the results of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary, PGP. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Reclassifications. Certain accounts and financial statement captions in the prior period have been reclassified to conform to the current period financial statement presentations and had no effect on net income (loss).

Cash and cash equivalents. We consider cash on hand and cash in banks as cash. We consider certificates of deposit and other short-term securities with maturities of three months or less when purchased as cash equivalents. Our cash and cash equivalents consist of bank deposits. These deposits are in insured banking institutions, which are insured up to \$250,000 per account. To date, we have not experienced uninsured losses, and we believe the risk of future loss is negligible.

Accounts receivable and allowance for doubtful accounts. Accounts receivable are stated at face value less an allowance for doubtful accounts. Accounts receivable are non-interest bearing. The Company reviews the accounts receivable on a monthly basis to determine if any receivables will potentially be uncollectible. The allowance for doubtful accounts is estimated based on specific customer reviews, historical collection trends and current economic and business conditions.

Assets deployed at client locations, net. Our Enhanced Table Systems are assembled by us and accounted for as assemblies in process until deployed at our casino clients' premises (Note 5). Assemblies in process are maintained at the Company and externally at third-party warehouses. Once deployed and placed into service at client locations, the assets are transferred from assemblies in process and reported as assets deployed at client locations. These assets are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation on assets deployed at client locations is calculated using the straight-line method over a three-year period and commences at date transferred to client location.

Property and equipment, net. Property and equipment are being depreciated over their estimated useful lives (three to five years) using the straight-line method of depreciation (Note 4). Property and equipment are analyzed for potential impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable and exceeds their fair value.

Goodwill. Goodwill (Note 6) is assessed for impairment at least annually or at other times during the year if events or circumstances indicate that it is more-likely-than-not that the fair value of a reporting asset is below the carrying amount. If found to be impaired, the carrying amount will be reduced, and an impairment loss will be recognized.

Other intangible assets, net. The following intangible assets have finite lives and are being amortized using the straight-line method over their estimated economic lives as follows:

| Patents | 4 - 20 years |
|------------------------|---------------|
| Client relationships | 9 - 22 years |
| Trademarks | 20 - 30 years |
| Intellectual property | 12 years |
| Non-compete agreements | 9 years |
| Software | 3 years |

Other intangible assets (Note 6) are analyzed for potential impairment at least annually or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable and exceeds the fair value, which is the sum of the undiscounted cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the intangible assets. No impairment was recorded for the years ended December 31, 2022, or 2021.

Software relates primarily to assets where costs are capitalizable during the application development phase. Labor-related costs associated with product development are included in software.

Fair value of financial instruments. We estimate fair value for financial assets and liabilities in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 820, Fair Value Measurement ("ASC 820"). ASC 820 defines fair value, provides guidance for measuring fair value, requires certain disclosures and discusses valuation techniques, such as the market approach (comparable market prices), the income approach (present value of future income or cash flow) and the cost approach (cost to replace the service capacity of an asset or replacement cost). ASC 820 utilizes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- •Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- •Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets and quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active.
- •Level 3: Unobservable inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions.

The estimated fair values of cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate their carrying amounts due to their short-term nature. The estimated fair value of our long-term debt approximates its carrying value based upon our expected borrowing rate for debt with similar remaining maturities and comparable risk. The Company currently has no financial instruments measured at estimated fair value on a recurring basis based on valuation reports provided by counterparties.

Leases. We account for lease components (such as rent payments) separately from non-lease components (such as common-area maintenance costs, real estate and sales taxes and insurance costs). Operating and finance leases with terms greater than 12 months are recorded on the consolidated balance sheets as right-of-use assets with corresponding lease liabilities. Lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis using the discount rate implicit in each lease or our incremental borrowing rate at lease commencement date (Note 8).

Revenue recognition. We account for our revenue in accordance with ASC Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASC 606"). See Note 3.

Costs of ancillary products and assembled components. Ancillary products include pay tables (display of payouts), bases, layouts, signage and other items as they relate to support of specific proprietary games in connection with the licensing of our games. Assembled components represent the cost of the equipment, devices and incorporated software used to support our Enhanced Table Systems.

Research and development. We incur research and development ("R&D") costs to develop our new and next-generation products. Our products reach commercial feasibility shortly before the products are released, and therefore R&D costs are expensed as incurred. Employee related costs associated with product development are included in R&D costs.

Foreign currency translation. The functional currency for PGP is the Euro. Gains and losses from settlement of transactions involving foreign currency amounts are included in other income or expense in the consolidated statements of operations. Gains and losses resulting from translating assets and liabilities from the functional currency to U.S. dollars are included in accumulated other comprehensive income or (loss) in the consolidated statements of changes in stockholders' deficit.

Net income per share. Basic net income per share is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the year. Diluted net income per share is similar to basic, except that the weighted-average number

of shares outstanding is increased by the potentially dilutive effect of outstanding stock options and restricted stock, if applicable, during the year.

Segment information. We define operating segments as components of our enterprise for which separate financial information is reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision-makers to evaluate performance and to make operating decisions. We currently have two operating segments (land-based gaming and online gaming) which are aggregated into one reporting segment.

Share-based compensation. We recognize compensation expense for all restricted stock and stock option awards made to employees, directors and independent contractors. The fair value of restricted stock is measured using the grant date trading price of our stock. The fair value of stock option awards (Note 12) is estimated at the grant date using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model, and the portion that is ultimately expected to vest is recognized as compensation cost over the requisite service period. We have elected to recognize compensation expense for all options with graded vesting on a straight-line basis over the vesting period of the entire option. The determination of fair value using the Black-Scholes pricing model is affected by our stock price as well as assumptions regarding a number of complex and subjective variables, including expected stock price volatility, risk-free interest rate, expected dividends and projected employee stock option exercise behaviors. We estimate volatility based on historical volatility of our common stock, and estimate the expected term based on several criteria, including the vesting period of the grant and the term of the award. We estimate employee stock option exercise behavior based on actual historical exercise activity and assumptions regarding future exercise activity of unexercised, outstanding options.

Government subsidies. On March 27, 2020, the U.S. government enacted the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"), which among other things, provides employer payroll tax credits for qualified wages and options to defer payroll tax payments for a limited period. Based on our evaluation of the CARES Act, in certain circumstances, we qualify for certain employer payroll tax credits as well as the deferral of payroll tax payments in the future. The Company records government subsidies as offsets to the related operating expenses. During the year ended December 31, 2022, qualified payroll credits reduced general and administrative expenses by \$574,979 on our condensed consolidated statements of operations. The Company recorded the payroll tax credit as a receivable in other current assets on the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2022.

Income taxes. We are subject to income taxes in both the United States and in certain non-U.S. jurisdictions. We account for income taxes in accordance with ASC 740, Income Taxes ("ASC 740"), using the asset and liability method. Under the asset and liability method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to temporary differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases, and operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. These temporary differences will result in deductible or taxable amounts in future years when the reported amounts of the assets or liabilities are recovered or settled. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. A valuation allowance is provided when it is more-likely-than-not that some or all of the deferred tax assets may not be realized. Adjustments to the valuation allowance increase or decrease our income tax provision or benefit. To the extent we believe that recovery is more likely than not, we establish a valuation allowance against these deferred tax assets. Significant judgment is required in determining our provision for income taxes, our deferred tax assets and liabilities, and any valuation allowance recorded against our deferred tax assets. As of December 31, 2022, and 2021, we recorded a full valuation allowance against certain deferred assets.

In the ordinary course of business, there are transactions and calculations where the ultimate tax outcome is uncertain. Additionally, our tax returns are subject to audit by various tax authorities. Although we believe that our estimates are reasonable, actual results could differ from these estimates. We recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position if it is more-likely-than-not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on an evaluation of the technical merits of the position, which requires a significant degree of judgment (Note 11).

New accounting standards not yet adopted. Financial Instruments – Credit Losses. In February 2020, FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2020-02, Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326). ASU 2020-02 provides updated guidance on how an entity should measure credit losses on financial instruments and delayed the effective date of Topic 326 for smaller reporting companies until fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022. Early adoption is permitted. We do not believe the adoption of this guidance will have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements or related disclosures.

Reference Rate Reform. In March 2020, the FASB issued ASU No. 2020-04, Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting. In January 2021, the FASB issued ASU 2021-01, Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Scope. The amendments were effective upon issuance and provide optional expedients and exceptions for applying GAAP to contracts, hedging relationships and other transactions affected by reference rate reform if certain criteria are met. We have completed our evaluation of significant contracts. Contracts reviewed will be modified to apply a new reference rate, primarily the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") where applicable. As a result, the guidance has not had, and is not expected to have, a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 3. REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue recognition. We generate revenue primarily from the licensing of our intellectual property. We recognize revenue under recurring fee license contracts monthly as we satisfy our performance obligation, which consists of granting the customer the right to use our intellectual property. Amounts billed are determined based on flat rates or usage rates stipulated in the customer contract.

Disaggregation of revenue. The following table disaggregates our revenue by geographic location for the years ended December 31, 2022, and 2021:

| | Twelve Ended De | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 |
| The Americas | \$ 10,134,502 | \$ 10,024,537 |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa | 13,307,804 | 9,959,841 |
| Total revenue | \$ 23,442,306 | \$ 19,984,378 |

Contract liabilities. Amounts billed and cash received in advance of performance obligations fulfilled are recorded as contract liabilities and recognized as performance obligations are fulfilled.

Contract assets. The Company's contract assets consist solely of unbilled receivables which are recorded when the Company recognizes revenue in advance of billings. Unbilled receivables totaled \$1,107,544 and \$771,293 for the years ended December 31, 2022, and 2021 and are included in the accounts receivable balance in the accompanying balance sheets.

Royalty agreements. From time to time, the Company licenses intellectual property from third-party owners and re-licenses that intellectual property to its casino clients. In these arrangements, the Company usually agrees to pay the owner of the intellectual property a royalty based on the revenues the Company receives from licensing the intellectual property to its casino clients. For the years ended December 31, 2022, and 2021, license royalty payments of \$2,424,276 and \$1,670,210, respectively, are recorded net in revenue.

NOTE 4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following at December 31, 2022, and 2021:

| | ember 31, 2022 | December 31 2021 | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------|--|
| Furniture and fixtures | \$ 404,702 | \$ | 312,639 | |
| Automotive vehicles | 171,671 | | 171,671 | |
| Office and computer equipment | 382,804 | | 389,628 | |
| Leasehold improvements | 35,531 | | 35,531 | |
| Property and equipment, gross | 994,708 | | 909,469 | |
| Less: accumulated depreciation | (851,270) | | (810,875) | |
| Property and equipment, net | \$ 143,438 | \$ | 98,594 | |

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, depreciation expense related to property and equipment was \$53,914 and \$78,199, respectively.

NOTE 5. ASSETS DEPLOYED AT CLIENT LOCATIONS

Assets deployed at client locations, net consisted of the following at December 31, 2022, and 2021:

| | De | ecember 31, 2022 | Γ | December 31, 2021 |
|---|----|---------------------|----|----------------------|
| Enhanced table systems | \$ | 1,414,048 | \$ | 1,139,827 |
| Assemblies in process | | 893,489 | | 770,248 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation | | (907,829) | | (779,092) |
| Assets deployed at client location, net | \$ | 1,399,708 | \$ | 1,130,983 |

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, depreciation expense related to assets deployed at client locations was \$251,270 and \$197,493, respectively.

NOTE 6. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill. A goodwill balance of \$1,091,000 was created as a result of a transaction completed in October 2011 with Prime Table Games, LLC ("PTG").

Other intangible assets, net. Other intangible assets, net consisted of the following at December 31, 2022 and 2021:

| |] | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|--------------------------------|----|----------------------|----------------------|
| Patents | \$ | 13,507,997 | \$ 13,507,997 |
| Customer relationships | | 14,040,856 | 14,040,856 |
| Trademarks | | 2,880,967 | 2,880,967 |
| Intellectual property | | 2,000,000 | _ |
| Non-compete agreements | | 660,000 | 660,000 |
| Software | | 968,362 | 283,340 |
| Other intangible assets, gross | | 34,058,182 | 31,373,160 |
| Less: accumulated amortization | | (20,152,071) | (17,695,896) |
| Other intangible assets, net | \$ | 13,906,111 | \$ 13,677,264 |

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, amortization expense related to the finite-lived intangible assets was \$2,456,175 and \$2,608,299 respectively.

In November 2011, the Company acquired certain intellectual property in exchange for contingent consideration to be paid in the future based on licensing by Galaxy Gaming of games utilizing the intellectual property. Effective September 30, 2022, the Company paid the seller of the contract assets \$2,000,000 and terminated any obligation to pay contingent consideration after September 30, 2022. The actual payment of \$2,000,000 was made on October 4, 2022.

Estimated future amortization expense is as follows:

| Years Ended December 31, | Total |
|--------------------------|------------------|
| 2023 | \$ 1,841,923 |
| 2024 | 1,802,471 |
| 2025 | 1,795,313 |
| 2026 | 1,651,554 |
| 2027 | 1,603,634 |
| Thereafter | 5,211,216 |
| Total | \$ 13,906,111 |

NOTE 7. ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accrued expenses consisted of the following at December 31, 2022 and 2021:

| | De | December 31, 2022 | | December 31, 2021 |
|---------------------------|----|----------------------|----|----------------------|
| Commissions and royalties | \$ | 1,869,704 | \$ | 1,165,744 |
| Payroll and related | | 1,703,703 | | 1,156,291 |
| Interest | | 100,398 | | 233,333 |
| Other | | 23,699 | | 110,705 |
| Total accrued expenses | \$ | 3,697,504 | \$ | 2,666,073 |

NOTE 8. LEASES

We have operating leases for our corporate office, two satellite facilities in the state of Washington and for certain equipment. We account for lease components (such as rent payments) separately from the non-lease components (such as common-area maintenance costs, real estate and sales taxes and insurance costs). The discount rate represents the interest rate implicit in each lease or our incremental borrowing rate at lease commencement date.

As of December 31, 2022, our leases have remaining lease terms ranging from 12 months to 51 months. Some of these leases contain options that allow us to extend or terminate the lease agreement.

As of December 31, 2022, no renewal option periods were included in any estimated minimum lease terms as the options were not deemed reasonably certain to be exercised.

Supplemental balance sheet information related to leases is as follows:

| | Amount | As of December 31, 2022 Classification |
|---|-----------------|--|
| Operating leases: | Amount | Chassilication |
| Operating lease right-of-use lease assets | \$ 1,002,749 | |
| | 240.245 | |
| Operating lease current liabilities | \$ 248,317 | Current portion of operating lease liabilities |
| Operating lease long-term liabilities | 830,289 | Long-term operating lease liabilities |
| Total operating lease liabilities | \$ 1,078,606 | |
| Weighted-average remaining lease term: | | |
| Operating leases | 3.94 | |
| Weighted-average discount rate: | | |
| Operating leases | 4.4 % | |

The components of lease expense are as follows:

| | Year Ended December 31, 2022 | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------------|---------|---|--|
| | A | Amount | Classification | |
| Operating lease cost | \$ | 286,296 | Selling, general and administrative expense | |

Supplemental cash flow information related to leases is as follows:

| | Year Ended December 31, 2022 | | | | |
|---|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Amount | nt Classification | | | |
| Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities: | | | | | |
| Operating cash flows from operating leases | \$ 281 | 1,303 Net income | | | |
| Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease liabilities: | | | | | |
| Operating leases | \$ 71, | 1,901 Supplemental cash flow information | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

As of December 31, 2022, future maturities of our operating lease liabilities are as follows:

| | Amount |
|---------------------------------|---------------|
| 2023 | \$ 290,877 |
| 2024 | 288,892 |
| 2025 | 294,507 |
| 2026 | 302,011 |
| 2027 | 2,985 |
| Total minimum lease payments | 1,179,272 |
| Less: imputed interest | (100,666) |
| Total operating lease liability | 1,078,606 |
| Less: current portion | (248,317) |
| Long-term portion | \$ 830,289 |

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT AND LIABILITIES

Long-term debt and liabilities consisted of the following at December 31, 2022 and 2021:

| | Γ | December 31, 2022 | | December 31, 2021 |
|--|----|----------------------|----|----------------------|
| Fortress credit agreement | \$ | 59,400,000 | \$ | 60,000,000 |
| Insurance notes payable | | 340,084 | | 500,369 |
| Long-term debt and liabilities, gross | | 59,740,084 | | 60,500,369 |
| Less: Unamortized debt issuance costs | | (5,839,228) | | (7,256,190) |
| Long-term debt and liabilities, net of debt issuance costs | | 53,900,856 | | 53,244,179 |
| Less: Current portion of long-term debt | | (940,084) | | (1,100,369) |
| Long-term debt and liabilities, net | \$ | 52,960,772 | \$ | 52,143,810 |

For most of 2021, our long-term liabilities consisted of term and revolving notes owed to Nevada State Bank, borrowings under the Main Street Priority Loan Program, and redemption consideration owed to Triangulum Partners LLC. All of those liabilities were paid in full from the proceeds of the Fortress Credit Agreement on November 15, 2021.

Fortress Credit Agreement. On November 15, 2021, the Company entered into a senior secured term loan agreement with Fortress Credit Corp. ("Fortress Credit Agreement") in the amount of \$60.0 million. The proceeds of the loan were used to (i) pay approximately \$39.5 million to Triangulum as full payment of the settlement amount due under the previously filed settlement agreement between Galaxy Gaming and Triangulum, as set forth above; (ii) repay approximately \$11.1 million due and owing to NSB under the MSPLP and under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of May 13, 2021, made between Galaxy Gaming and Zions Bancorporation, N.A. dba Nevada State Bank, a Nevada state banking corporation, and (iii) approximately \$4.1 million was used to pay fees and expenses. The remaining approximately \$5.3 million was added to the Company's cash on hand and used for corporate and operating purposes.

The Fortress Credit Agreement bears interest at a rate equal to, at the Company's option, either (a) LIBOR (or a successor rate, determined in accordance with the Fortress Credit Agreement) plus 7.75%, subject to a reduction to 7.50% upon the achievement of a net leverage target or (b) a base rate determined by reference to the greatest of (i) the federal funds rate plus 0.50%, (ii) the prime rate as determined by reference to The Wall Street Journal's "Prime Rate" and (iii) the one-month adjusted LIBOR rate plus 1.00%, plus 6.75%, subject to a reduction to 6.50% upon the achievement of a net leverage target. The Fortress Credit Agreement has a final maturity of November 13, 2026. The obligations under the Fortress Credit Agreement are guaranteed by the Company's subsidiaries and are secured by substantially all of the assets of the Company and its subsidiaries. The Fortress Credit agreement requires, among other things, principal payments of \$150,000 per quarter and includes an annual sweep of 50% of excess cash flow commencing in April 2023 based on results for fiscal 2022. The Fortress Credit Agreement contains affirmative and negative financial covenants (as defined in the Fortress Credit Agreement) and other restrictions customary for borrowings of this nature. The Company was required to maintain a Total Net Leverage Ratio of no more than 8.00x for the quarter ended December 31, 2022. The Company was in compliance with its Total Net Leverage Ratio as of December 31, 2022. Also, The Fortress Credit Agreement requires that the Company not allow balances in bank accounts that are not covered by an account control agreement to exceed \$1,000,000 at any month-end. The bank accounts held by PGP in the Isle of Man are not covered by account control agreements and the balances in those accounts exceeded \$1,000,000 at the end of November and December 2021 and January and February 2022. In March 2022, the balances in those accounts were reduced to less than \$1,000,000. The Company informed Fortress of the covenant b

and Waiver Agreement") was executed among the Company, Fortress, as Agent (the "Agent"), and the Lenders party to the Fortress Credit Agreement on March 16, 2022. As of March 31, 2022 and through December 31, 2022, the Company was in compliance with the covenants under the Fortress Credit Agreement, and maintained bank account balances within the \$1,000,000 threshold.

In connection with entering into the Fortress Credit Agreement, the Company also issued warrants to purchase a total of up to 778,320 shares of the Company's common stock to certain affiliates of Fortress at a price per share of \$0.01 (the "Warrants"). The Warrants are exercisable at any time, subject to certain restrictions.

As of December 31, 2022, future maturities of our long-term obligations are as follows:

| | Total |
|------------------------------|------------------|
| Years ended December 31, | |
| 2023 | \$ 940,084 |
| 2024 | 600,000 |
| 2025 | 600,000 |
| 2026 | 57,600,000 |
| 2027 | _ |
| Thereafter | _ |
| Long-term liabilities, gross | \$ 59,740,084 |

NOTE 10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Concentration of risk. We are exposed to risks associated with clients who represent a significant portion of total revenues.

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, we had the following client revenue concentrations:

| | Location | 2022 Revenue | 2021 Revenue | Accounts Receivable December 31, 2022 | Rece | counts eivable er 31, 2021 |
|----------|---------------|--------------|--------------|---|------|----------------------------------|
| Client A | Europe | 27.6 % | 26.1 % | | \$ | |
| Client B | North America | 8.5 % | 9.6 % | \$ 414.234 | \$ | 138.338 |

Legal proceedings. In the ordinary course of conducting our business, we are, from time to time, involved in various legal proceedings, administrative proceedings, regulatory government investigations and other matters, including those in which we are a plaintiff or defendant, that are complex in nature and have outcomes that are difficult to predict

An unexpected adverse judgment in any pending litigation could cause a material impact on our business operations, intellectual property, results of operations or financial position. Unless otherwise expressly stated, we believe costs associated with litigation will not have a material impact on our financial position or liquidity but may be material to the results of operations in any given period and, accordingly, no provision for loss has been reflected in the accompanying financial statements related to these matters.

Intellectual property agreements. From time to time, the Company purchases intellectual property from third-parties and the Company, in turn, utilizes that intellectual property in certain games licensed to clients. In these purchase agreements, the Company may agree to pay the seller of the intellectual property a fee, if and when, the Company receives revenue from games containing the intellectual property.

NOTE 11. INCOME TAXES

The components of the provision consist of the following for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| U.S.(loss) | \$ (6,839,931) | \$ (770,771) |
| Non-U.S. income | 5,275,629 | 2,931,220 |
| Income (loss) before income taxes | \$ (1,564,302) | \$ 2,160,449 |
| | | |

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|----------------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Current: | | |
| Federal | \$ 240,809 | \$ (62,074) |
| State | (7,570) | 11,500 |
| Foreign | 78,465 | 74,885 |
| Total current | 311,704 | 24,311 |
| Deferred: | | |
| Federal | (90,774) | (97,965) |
| State | (12,043) | 122,291 |
| Total deferred | (102,817) | 24,326 |
| Provision for income taxes | \$ 208,887 | \$ 48,637 |

The income tax provision differs from that computed at the federal statutory corporate income tax rate as follows for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|-----------------|------------|
| Tax provision computed at the federal statutory rate | \$ (341,315) | \$ 453,694 |
| Foreign rate differential | (121,061) | (540,670) |
| State income tax, net of federal benefit | (48,062) | 22,226 |
| 162(m) compensation limit | 208,884 | 228,069 |
| Share based compensation | (282,956) | (615,062) |
| Subpart F income | 224,285 | 717,218 |
| Other permanent items | _ | 1,138 |
| Credits | (78,465) | (94,223) |
| Impact of CARES Act | (76,443) | (71,168) |
| State tax true ups | _ | (79,997) |
| Other rate changes, net of benefit | 6,019 | (15,698) |
| Uncertain tax positions | (17,723) | 1,933 |
| Change in valuation allowance | 735,724 | 41,177 |
| Provision for income taxes | \$ 208,887 | \$ 48,637 |

The tax effects of significant temporary differences representing net deferred tax assets and liabilities consisted of the following at December 31, 2022 and 2021:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------|
| Deferred Tax Assets: | | |
| Right-of-use asset | \$ 228,408 | \$ 268,137 |
| Net operating loss | 440,756 | 88,879 |
| Share based compensation | 291,019 | 228,574 |
| Intangible assets | 258,321 | 176,457 |
| Tax credits | 175,341 | _ |
| Capitalized R&D Cost | 119,936 | _ |
| Accruals and reserves | 83,411 | 127,332 |
| Debt issuance costs | 110,339 | 50,246 |
| Other | 54,465 | 7,232 |
| Total deferred tax assets | 1,761,996 | 946,857 |
| Total valuation allowance | (1,337,290) | (601,566) |
| Deferred Tax Liabilities: | | |
| Right-of-use liability | (245,686) | (285,111) |
| Prepaid assets | (135,535) | (171,411) |
| Basis difference in fixed assets | (113,061) | (62,968) |
| Other | (2,825) | (1,019) |
| Total deferred tax liabilities | (497,107) | (520,509) |
| Net deferred tax liabilities | \$ (72,401) | \$ (175,218) |

On March 28, 2022, the Company redomiciled PGP from Isle of Man to Nevada with the Company remaining as its sole member. The change in place of organization is categorized as a tax-free reorganization. Following this action, PGP's earnings will be included in the US taxable income of the Company. Further, the Company has recorded a deferred tax asset equal to the tax basis of deferred attributes of PGP at statutory rates.

As of December 31, 2022, the Company recognized federal and state net operating loss carryforwards of \$1.4 million and \$2.2 million, respectively. The majority of the state carryforward amounts will begin to expire in 2040, while some state net operating losses have an indefinite carryforward period. The federal carryforward does not expire and subject to utilization in future periods up to 80% of federal taxable income.

In accordance with U.S. GAAP, the need to establish a valuation allowance against deferred tax assets is assessed periodically based on a more-likely-than-not realization threshold. Appropriate consideration is given to all positive and negative evidence related to that realization. This assessment considers, among other matters, the nature, frequency and severity of recent losses; forecasts of future profitability; the duration of statutory carryforward periods; experience with tax attributes expiring unused; and tax planning alternatives. The weight given to these considerations depends upon the degree to which they can be objectively verified.

A significant piece of objective negative evidence evaluated was the three-year cumulative loss position the company is in as of the period ended December 31, 2022. Such objective negative evidence limits the ability to consider other more subjective evidence such as projections of future income. The amount of the deferred tax asset considered realizable could be adjusted in future periods if the objective negative evidence of a cumulative loss is no longer present, and more weight is given to subjective evidence such as future income and growth.

Upon assessing all of the relevant evidence, the Company determined it has not met the more-likely-than-not threshold to support the realization of all or part of its deferred tax assets. The Company has recorded a valuation allowance against certain of its deferreds in the amount of \$(1,337,290). The current-year change resulted in additional tax expense of \$735,724, which impacted the Company's effective tax rate by (45.27)%.

The aggregate changes in the balance of gross unrecognized tax benefits (included as part of deferred tax liabilities, net in the accompanying financial statements), which excludes interest and penalties, are as follows as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Beginning balance | \$ 48,632 | \$ 46,699 |
| Decreases (increases) related to tax positions taken during the prior year | (17,723) | 1,933 |
| Ending balance | \$ 30,909 | \$ 48,632 |

Our total liability for unrecognized gross tax benefits was \$30,909 as of December 31, 2022, which, if ultimately recognized, would impact the annual estimated effective tax rate in future periods. We are subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service for fiscal years 2019 and thereafter. For states within the U.S. in which we conduct significant business, we generally remain subject to examination for fiscal years 2019 and thereafter, unless extended for longer periods under state laws. We have no accrual for interest or penalties related to uncertain tax positions at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and did not recognize interest or penalties in the statements of operations during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, as such amounts would be immaterial, if any.

NOTE 12. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

On May 10, 2018, the Board ratified and confirmed the 2014 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2014 Plan"). The 2014 Plan is a broad-based plan under which shares of our common stock are authorized for issuance for awards, including stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, and cash incentive awards to members of our Board, executive officers, employees and independent contractors. As of December 31, 2022, a total of 7,550,750 shares of our common stock were authorized for issuance. As of December 31, 2022, 250,911 shares remained available for issuance as new awards under the 2014 Plan.

Stock Options

During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, we issued 740,000 and 90,000 options to purchase our common stock, respectively, to executive officers, employees and independent contractors. The fair value of all stock options granted for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, was determined to be \$1,497,473 and \$162,252, respectively, using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

| | Options Issued For the Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2022 | Options Issued For the Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2021 |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| Dividend yield | 0% | 0% |
| Expected volatility | 59.25% - 60.70% | 61.12% - 68.74% |
| Risk-free interest rate | 1.37% - 3.90% | .48%98% |
| Expected life (years) | 5.00 | 5.00 |

A summary of stock option activity is as follows:

| | Common Stock Options | Weighted- Average Exercise Price | Aggregate Intrinsic Value | Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years) |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|--|
| Outstanding December 31, 2021 | 1,935,002 | \$ 1.33 | \$ 4,788,314 | 1.87 |
| Issued | 740,000 | \$ 3.86 | \$ _ | _ |
| Surrender of options | 365,751 | \$ 1.16 | \$ _ | _ |
| Exercised | (1,098,831) | \$ 1.11 | \$ (1,464,770) | _ |
| Forfeited or expired | (322,041) | \$ 1.16 | \$ _ | _ |
| Outstanding December 31, 2022 | 1,619,881 | \$ 2.61 | \$ (267,418) | 2.74 |
| Exercisable December 31, 2022 | 684,882 | \$ 1.45 | \$ 677,901 | 1.19 |

A summary of unvested stock option activity is as follows:

| | Common Stock Options | , | Weighted- Average Exercise Price | Aggregate Intrinsic Value | Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years) |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|--|
| Unvested – December 31, 2021 | 477,001 | \$ | 1.97 | \$ 873,958 | 3.45 |
| Granted | 740,000 | \$ | 3.86 | \$ _ | 0.00 |
| Vested | (262,001) | \$ | 1.86 | \$ _ | 0.00 |
| Forfeited | (20,001) | \$ | 1.41 | \$ _ | 0.00 |
| Unvested - December 31, 2022 | 934,999 | \$ | 3.50 | \$ (990,043) | 3.90 |

As of December 31, 2022, our unrecognized share-based compensation expense associated with the stock options issued was \$957,375, which is expected to be amortized over a weighted-average period of 0.77 years.

Restricted Awards

During the year ended December 31, 2022, we issued an aggregate of 104,049 restricted shares of our common stock valued at \$332,990 to our board members in consideration of their service on the Board. These shares vested immediately on the grant date. As of December 31, 2022, there were 2,583,515 restricted shares outstanding. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, unvested restricted shares were 50,001 and 100,000 respectively. There were no forfeitures of restricted shares in 2022 or 2021.

Employment Agreement Amendment

On June 15, 2022, the Company entered into amendment number 3 (the "Amendment") to the employment agreement, dated July 27, 2017 (and previously amended by amendments number 1 and number 2), between the Company and Todd P. Cravens, the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer. The Amendment (i) extends the term of the agreement from July 27, 2022, to July 26, 2024; (ii) provides for a potential equity incentive grant of stock for calendar year 2022 and calendar year 2023, with (x) a grant of 20,000 shares if the Company achieves 80% of its EBITDA Budget target (as defined by management and as adopted by the Board for the calendar year) for calendar year 2022, (y) a grant of 20,000 shares if the Company achieves 80% of its EBITDA Budget target (as adopted by the Board for the calendar year) for calendar year 2023, and (z) an additional grant under the following performance goals for each of calendar year 2022 and 2023: a) 100% of EBITDA Target – 20,000 shares, b) 110% of EBITDA Target – 30,000 shares, and c) 115% of EBITDA Target – 40,000 shares; and (iii) increases Mr. Cravens' annual compensation to \$300,000 effective as of August 1, 2022

All "shares" above will vest one year from the date of grant. Should Mr. Cravens leave the Company or be terminated with good cause prior the vesting date he will forfeit any and all rights to the shares. Pursuant to the Amendment, the Board maintains reasonable, good faith discretion to make adjustments to the Company's EBITDA performance relating to the Company's management incentive program, where appropriate in each year, to account for factors contributing positively and negatively to the Company's actual recorded EBITDA performance that could be considered (by the Board) unrelated to or not driven by the Company's performance.

In addition, should there be a circumstance that may trigger a change of control, as defined in the Company's 2014 Equity Incentive Plan (as amended, the "2014 Equity Plan"), in either the 2022 or 2023 calendar years, if not already granted, the 20,000 shares from each of the 2022 and 2023 CEO executive Incentive from the 80% EBITDA target, will be granted immediately. The Board retains discretion to be exercised reasonably and in good faith to accelerate the grant of remaining shares under the 2022 and 2023 equity incentives set forth in the Amendment.

The balance of the employment agreement, as previously amended, remains in full force and effect.

Option Surrender

The Company's 2014 Equity Plan allows option holders to satisfy the exercise price of stock options, and the related tax withholding resulting from such exercise, by cash and by other means of "cashless" exercise, including: (a) by tendering, either actually or by attestation, shares of stock; (b) by irrevocably authorizing a third party to sell shares of stock (or a sufficient portion of the shares) acquired upon exercise of the option and to remit to the Company a sufficient portion of the sale proceeds to pay the exercise price and any tax withholding resulting from such exercise; (c) with respect to options, payment through a net exercise such that, without the payment of any funds, the option holder may exercise the option and receive the net number of shares of stock as to which the option is being exercised, multiplied by (ii) a fraction, the numerator of which is the fair

market value less the exercise price, and the denominator of which is such fair market value (the number of net shares of stock to be received shall be rounded down to the nearest whole number of shares of stock); (d) by personal, certified or cashiers' check; (e) by other property deemed acceptable by the committee administering the 2014 Equity Plan; or (f) by any combination thereof.

On June 23, 2022, pursuant to the 2014 Equity Plan and a Stock Option Grant Notice and Stock Option Agreement dated July 27, 2017, Mr. Cravens exercised options and satisfied the exercise price and applicable tax withholding through a net settlement by surrendering to the Company options to purchase shares having a fair market value equal to the sum of the exercise price and the taxes. The exercise price and related tax withholding totaled \$1,280,133 and was recorded as a reduction to additional paid-in capital and common stock.

NOTE 13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On January 25, 2023, the Board of Directors of Galaxy Gaming, by unanimous written consent, voted to approve a reduction to its compensation arrangements with non-employee directors for the fiscal year 2023.

Targeted aggregate annual Board compensation for 2023 shall be at the revised levels below and shall continue to be paid 60% in cash and 40% in stock. Cash compensation will be paid monthly in arrears and stock compensation will be paid quarterly in arrears with the stock valued at the average daily closing price in the last month of the quarter.

The Board approved the annual Board compensation for 2023 as noted in the table below:

| | Annual Compe | ensation Target |
|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| Board Member | \$ | 127,500 |
| Audit Committee Chair | \$ | 148,750 |
| Board Chair | \$ | 170.000 |

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act are recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports submitted under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

We carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report. This evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of December 31, 2022, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

No change in our internal control over financial reporting occurred during our last fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our internal control over financial reporting is a process designed by, or under the supervision of, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer and effected by our Board, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of our financial reporting and the preparation of our financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Internal control over financial reporting includes policies and procedures that pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of our assets; provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of our financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that our receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with the authorization of our Board and management; and provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on our financial statements.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer, we evaluated the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the framework set forth in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework* issued in 2013 by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"). Based on this evaluation under the criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework*, our management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2022.

This annual report is not required and does not include an attestation report of our registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Directors and executive officers. The following information sets forth the names of our directors and executive officers, their ages and their appointment date/years in position as of December 31, 2022.

| | | | Years in Position/Date of Appointment or |
|----------------------|-----|--|--|
| Name | Age | Office(s) Held | Commencement |
| Todd P. Cravens | 50 | President and Chief Executive Officer | 5 years/July 24, 2017 |
| Harry C. Hagerty | 62 | Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer | 5 years/May 1, 2017 |
| Mark A. Lipparelli | 57 | Chairman of the Board | 5 years/July 26, 2017 |
| Michael Gavin Isaacs | 58 | Director | 3 years/June 3, 2019 |
| Cheryl A. Kondra | 50 | Director | 1 year/December 2, 2021 |
| Meredith Brill | 47 | Director | July 13, 2022 |
| Bryan W. Waters | 60 | Director | 7 years/April 1, 2015 |

Todd Cravens was appointed as our President and Chief Executive Officer on July 24, 2017. Mr. Cravens previously served as our Vice President of Business Development, a position he had held between January 2017 and July 2017. Prior to joining Galaxy Gaming, Mr. Cravens served as the Chief Executive Officer of Americas for TCS/John Huxley (a leader in table games products for casinos around the world) from 2013 to 2016; as President of AGS Illinois LLP and Vice President and General Manager of the Illinois Operations of AGS (a leading designer and supplier of electronic gaming machines and other products and services for the gaming industry) from 2010 to 2011; and president of Operations of auxley of the Using President of Operations of auxley of the Using President of Operations of Sales of Bulldog Amusements (specializing in sales and marketing functions for the coin operated amusement industry) from 1995 to 2000. In addition, Mr. Cravens has been the principal of Cravens Consulting, LLC (specializing in developing gaming markets) since 2011.

Harry C. Hagerty was appointed as our Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer on May 1, 2017. Mr. Hagerty served as President and Chief Financial Officer of Sightline Payments LLC, a privately-held provider of payments solutions to the gaming industry, from November 2011 to August 2017. Mr. Hagerty served as a member of the Board of Directors of Trump Entertainment Resorts, Inc. from June 2008 to July 2010; as Chief Financial Officer of Global Cash Access Holdings, Inc., a publicly-traded provider of payments solutions to the gaming industry, from July 2004 to July 2007; and as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Caesars Entertainment, Inc., an operator of casino resorts around the world, from March 2002 to May 2004. Prior to joining Caesars, Mr. Hagerty had a twenty-year career as an investment banker.

Mark A. Lipparelli has been a Director and our Chairman since July 2017. Mr.Lipparelli currently serves as the Managing Member and Chief Executive Officer of GVII, LLC, a Nevada gaming licensee that manages the Westgate Resort Las Vegas, (since November 2019); Managing Member of CAMS, LLC, a technology services company to the online gaming industry, (since September 2019); and Managing Member of SBOpco, LLC, a sportsbook company operating as SuperBook, (since January 2021). Additionally, Mr. Lipparelli serves as an advisor to a limited number of operating and investment entities through GVIII, LLC where he is the Managing Member. Mr. Lipparelli has served as a member of the Board of Directors of Golden Entertainment, Inc. since 2015. Mr. Lipparelli also formerly represented State Senate District 6 in the Nevada Legislature, having been appointed to the post in December 2014, and served on a number of Senate committees. Mr. Lipparelli has also been an appointee to the Nevada Gaming Policy Committee. Between 2009 and 2012, Mr. Lipparelli served as a Board Member and Chairman of the Nevada Gaming Control Board. Between 2002 and 2007, Mr. Lipparelli served in various executive management positions at Bally Technologies, Inc., a gaming technology supply company listed on the NYSE, including as Executive Vice President of Operations. Prior to joining Bally, Mr. Lipparelli served as Executive Vice President and then President of Shuffle Master, Inc., a publicly traded gaming supply company, from 2001 to 2003; as Chief Financial Officer of Camco, Inc., a retail chain holding company, from 2000 to 2001; as Senior Vice President of Entertainment Systems for Bally Gaming, Inc. (a subsidiary of publicly traded Alliance Gaming Corporation), from 1998 to 2000; and various management positions including Vice President of Finance for publicly traded Casino Data Systems from 1993 to 1998. Mr. Lipparelli is a Board Trustee Emeritus of the University of Nevada Foundation, Board Member of the International Member of the Internatio

Bryan W. Waters has been a Director since April 2015. Mr. Waters currently is CEO of Luminator Technology Group, a globally recognized leader in providing technology solutions that increase intelligence, safety and efficiency for public transit operators. Mr. Waters also oversees Magnolia Lane Partners, LLC, a company he founded in 2012, which is an advisory and asset management firm, and is active in advising several specialty finance entities. Mr. Waters previously served as CEO of Microf, LLC, a fin-tech platform and lease to own provider for the home improvement industry from June 2019 through September 2021. Mr. Waters served as President and Chief Operating Officer of Genesis Financial Solutions, the largest second look private label credit card issuer in the United States, from June 2016 to January 2018. Mr. Waters served as CEO of North America for Dollar Financial Group leading over 3000 employees

throughout 850 finance centers from June 2015 through June 2016. In September of 2013, Mr. Waters assumed the role of Chief Executive Officer of CBV and served in that role until its successful sale in June 2015. In 2012, Mr. Waters joined the Board of CBV Collection Services, LTD, a private equity and management owned company and one of the largest independent outsourcing, collection services and debt buying organizations in Canada. In 2010, Mr. Waters became Chief Executive Officer of B-Line, LLC, the largest purchaser and servicer of unsecured consumer bankruptcy claims in the country. At the time of its successful sale in late 2011, B-Line owned and serviced in excess of \$300 million in assets. Mr. Waters joined Pacific National Bank in 2006 as President and Chief Executive Officer and was responsible for P & L growth of the privately held \$2.3 billion 17 branch bank until its sale to U.S. Bank in October 2009. In 2001, Mr. Waters became Chief Financial Officer of Camco, Inc., a specialty finance lender. Shortly after his appointment, Mr. Waters also absorbed the roles of President and Chief Operating Officer until the successful sale of the company in December 2005 to Cash America International, Inc. a NYSE listed company. A graduate of University of California, Los Angeles, Mr. Waters started his career with Wells Fargo Bank in 1988 where he held numerous executive positions throughout his 12 years with the bank, including President of the Southern Nevada region.

Michael Gavin Isaacs has been a Director since June 2019 and serves as our Compensation Committee Chairperson. Mr. Isaacs is also currently Chairman of the Board of Directors of Games Global, Ltd., a company operating in the iGaming area providing content to iGaming operators in regulated markets, and a gaming industry advisor to Jackpocket, an online lottery app, and PureSoftware, an India-based developer and talent source. Mr. Isaacs previously served as Vice Chairman of the Board of Scientific Games Corporation ("Scientific Games"), a global leader in lottery games and sports betting and technology, from August 2016 until December 2018, and prior to that was a member of the Board of Directors and President and Chief Executive Officer of Scientific Games from June 2014 until August 2016. During his tenure at Scientific Games, Mr. Isaacs oversaw a gaming and lottery entertainment powerhouse that operated under a portfolio of successful brands, including Bally, Barcrest, Global Draw, SG Lottery, Shuffle Master and WMS. Mr. Isaacs was instrumental in Scientific Games' \$5.1 billion acquisition of Bally Technologies in 2014 and in a two-year span helped grow annual revenues from \$1.3 billion to \$2.9 billion, reflecting a 100 percent increase in social revenue growth which positioned Scientific Games as the No. 2 ranked global social interactive business. Prior to 2014, Mr. Isaacs served as Chief Executive Officer of SHFL Entertainment, Inc. and served as Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of Bally from 2006 through 2011. In 2012, Mr. Isaacs played a key role in Bally's \$1.3 billion acquisition of SHFL entertainment and was pivotal in merging four companies (Scientific Games, Bally, SHFL and WMS) into a single, innovation-driven organization focused on empowering customers by creating the world's best gaming and lottery experiences. Prior to joining Bally, he held senior roles and key management positions at Aristocrat Leisure Limited ("Aristocrat") for eight years, including General Manager, Legal and Compliance; General Manager, Marketing and Business Development; and Managing Director, Europe, before becoming Aristocrat's Americas President in 2003. Mr. Isaacs is a former Non-Executive Director of Draftkings Inc. (NASDAQ:DKNG) from April 2020 to April 2021, and former Chairman of SBTech from January 2019 to April 2020. Mr. Isaacs previously served as a Trustee 5 and the President of the International Association of Gaming Advisors, and as Vice Chairman of the board of directors of the American Gaming Association. Mr. Isaacs has a Masters of Laws degree and an undergraduate degree in Accounting and Financial Systems. Mr. Isaacs brings to the Company experience on public boards of directors and a proven track record of success in leading company turnarounds and establishing companies on strong growth trajectories.

Cheryl Kondra has been a Director since December 2021 and was named the Audit Committee Chairperson as of March 2022. Since June 2020, Ms. Kondra has served as Vice President of Internal Audit at Tractor Supply Company (NASDAQ:TSCO), the largest rural lifestyle retailer in the United States. Prior to Tractor Supply Company, she had an extensive career in gaming, having served as the VP of Internal Audit for Genting Americas from 2019-2020. Prior to that she was VP of Internal Audit and Chief Compliance Officer at Pinnacle Entertainment from October 2014 to September 2018. Ms. Kondra was the Chief Audit Executive at Caesars Entertainment from October 2007 to August 2014 and held various other positions with Harrah's and Caesars Entertainment since 1997 within the Internal Audit and Compliance functions. Ms. Kondra has a Master of Accountancy degree and an undergraduate degree in Accounting. Ms. Kondra is a Certified Internal Auditor.

Meredith Brill is a Director and was appointed to the Board effective July 13, 2022. Ms. Brill earned a Bachelor's Degree in Applied Science & Engineering in 1997 from the University of Toronto and a Law Degree from Osgoode Hall at York University in 2000. Ms. Brill is a Private Investor who focuses on evaluating special situation investments and unique business models. Prior to shifting to investing, she was an experienced Canadian Intellectual Property Lawyer and Registered Patent Agent with a Chemical Engineering background. Her legal career included all aspects of patent drafting and prosecution, intellectual property portfolio and management strategy, and competitive intelligence research.

Our bylaws authorize no fewer than one and no more than thirteen directors. We currently have five directors.

Family relationships. There are no family relationships between or among the directors, executive officers or persons nominated or chosen by us to become directors or executive officers.

Director or officer involvement in certain legal proceedings. To the best of our knowledge, during the past ten years, none of the following occurred with respect to any of our present or former directors or executive officers: (1) any bankruptcy petition filed by or against any business of which such person was a general partner or executive officer either at the time of the bankruptcy or within two

years prior to that time; (2) any conviction in a criminal proceeding or being subject to a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses); (3) being subject to any order, judgment or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any court of any competent jurisdiction, permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring, suspending or otherwise limiting his involvement in any type of business, securities or banking activities; and (4) being found by a court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the Securities and Exchange Commission or the Commodities Futures Trading Commission to have violated a federal or state securities or commodities law, and the judgment has not been reversed, suspended or vacated.

Committees of the Board. We do not currently have a separate executive committee or stock plan committee of our Board of Directors.

Compensation Committee. At a meeting of the Board of Directors on July 8, 2014, the Board approved the creation of a Compensation Committee, and on October 13, 2014, adopted the Compensation Committee Charter (the "Charter").

Pursuant to the Charter, the Compensation Committee is to be comprised of no fewer than two non-employee members of the Board, and the members shall be free from any relationships or conflicts of interest with respect to the Company that would impair the member's ability to make independent judgments. The members of the Compensation Committee will be appointed by the Board and can be removed by the Board at any time, with or without cause.

The authority and duties of the Compensation Committee include but are not limited to: approving the corporate goals and objectives relating to compensation and bonus incentive structure of the Chief Executive Officer and other executive officers and key employees and any company-wide bonus plans; approving any material grants of equity compensation of more than 100,000 shares of our common stock; retaining and terminating any compensation consultant; and reviewing and assessing the adequacy of the Charter.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the members of the Compensation Committee were Mr. Isaacs (Chairman), Mr. Waters and Mr. Zender. Mr. Zender resigned effective July 1, 2022.

Audit Committee. At a meeting of the Board of Directors on February 21, 2022, the Board approved the creation of an Audit Committee. Members of the Audit Committee are Cheryl Kondra (Chair), Mr. Isaacs and Mr. Waters.

The duties of the Audit Committee include but are not limited to: approving the selection of our independent accountants and meeting and interacting with the independent accountants to discuss issues related to financial reporting. In addition, the Audit Committee reviews the scope and results of the audit with the independent accountants, reviews with management and the independent accountants our annual operating results, considers the adequacy of our internal accounting procedures and considers other auditing and accounting matters including fees to be paid to the independent auditor and the performance of the independent auditor.

Nominating Committee. Our Board does not maintain a nominating committee. As a result, no written charter governs the director nomination process. The size of our Board, at this time, does not require a separate nominating committee. There were no changes during the year ended December 31, 2022, or as of the date of this report, to the process for recommending nominees to our Board.

When evaluating director nominees, our Board consider the following factors:

- (1) The appropriate size of our Board;
- (2)Our needs with respect to the particular talents and experience of our directors;
- (3)The knowledge, skills and experience of nominees, including experience in finance, administration or public service, in light of prevailing business conditions and the knowledge, skills and experience already possessed by other members of the Board;
- (4)Experience in political affairs;
- (5)Experience with accounting rules and practices; and
- (6)The desire to balance the benefit of continuity with the periodic injection of the fresh perspective provided by new Board members.

Our goal is to assemble a Board that brings together a variety of perspectives and skills derived from high quality business and professional experience. In doing so, the Board will also consider candidates with appropriate non-business backgrounds. Other than the foregoing, there are no stated minimum criteria for director nominees, although the Board may also consider such other factors as it may deem are in our best interests as well as our stockholders. In addition, the Board identifies nominees by first evaluating the current members of the Board willing to continue in service. Current members of the Board dwilling to continue in service are considered for re-nomination. If any member of the Board does not wish to continue in service or if the Board decides not to re-nominate a member for re-election, the Board then identifies the desired skills and experience of a new nominee in light of the criteria above. Current members of the Board are polled for suggestions as to individuals meeting the criteria described above. The Board may also engage in research to identify qualified individuals. To date, we have not engaged third parties to identify or evaluate or assist in identifying potential nominees, although we reserve the right in the future to retain a third-party search firm, if necessary. The Board does not typically consider shareholder nominees because it believes that our current nomination process is sufficient to identify directors who serve our best interests.

Code of Ethics. As of December 31, 2022, we had not adopted a separate Code of Ethics for our financial executives, which would include our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing similar functions. The Company does have in place a code of conduct which is included in its employee handbook, amongst other policies. The code of conduct and all other policies within the employee handbook are to be followed by all employees.

Section 16(a) beneficial ownership reporting compliance. Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our directors and executive officers and persons who beneficially own more than ten percent of a registered class of our equity securities to file with the SEC initial reports of ownership and reports of changes in ownership of common stock and other equity securities. Officers, directors and greater than ten percent beneficial shareholders are required by SEC regulations to furnish us with copies of all Section 16(a) forms they file. To the best of our knowledge based solely on a review of Forms 3, 4, and 5 (and any amendments thereof) received by us during or with respect to the year ended December 31, 2022, there were no reports that were not filed on a timely basis.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Compensation discussion and analysis. Our current executive compensation plan consists of cash, stock and/or stock options compensation to the executive officers, who are primarily responsible for the day-to-day management and continuing development of our business.

Summary compensation table. The table below summarizes all compensation awarded to or earned by each named executive officer for each of the last two completed fiscal years.

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

| | | | | | | | Non-qualified | | |
|-----------------------------|------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| | | | | Stock | Option | Non-equity | Deferred | All Other | |
| Name and Principal Position | Year | Salary | Bonus | Awards | Awards | Incentive Plan | Earnings | Compensation ⁽¹⁾ | Total |
| Todd P. Cravens (1)(2) | | | | | | | | | |
| Chief Executive | 2022 | \$284,615 | \$244,727 | _ | \$121,312 | _ | _ | \$19,644 | \$670,298 |
| Officer | 2021 | \$275,000 | _ | \$181,600 | _ | _ | _ | \$18,731 | \$475,331 |
| Harry C. Hagerty (1) | | | | | | | | | |
| Chief Financial | 2022 | \$200,000 | \$197,983 | _ | \$404,375 | _ | _ | \$20,788 | \$823,146 |
| Officer | 2021 | \$200,000 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | \$19,991 | \$219,991 |

- (1) For our executives, all other compensation includes standard benefits such as health insurance premiums and contributions to a defined contribution plan ("401k").
- (2)During the year ended December 31, 2022, Mr. Cravens was granted options to purchase 60,000 shares of our common stock. The value of Mr. Cravens' option awards was based on its grant date fair value, using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.
- (3)During the year ended December 31, 2022, Mr. Hagerty was granted options to purchase 200,000 shares of our common stock. The value of Mr. Hagerty's option awards was based on its grant date fair value, using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

Outstanding equity awards at fiscal year-end table. The following table summarizes all unexercised options, stock that has not vested, and equity incentive plan awards outstanding for each named executive officer as of the end of the last completed fiscal year.

| OUTSTANDING EQUITY AWARDS AT FISCAL YEAR-END | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------|------------|---------------|------------------|
| | | OPTION AV | VARDS | | | STOCK AWARDS | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Equity | |
| | | | | | | | | Incentive | |
| | | | Equity | | | | | Plan | |
| | | | Incentive Plan | | | | | Awards: | Equity Incentive |
| | | | Awards: | | | | Market | Number of | Plan Awards: |
| | | | Number of | | | Number of | Value of | Unearned | Market or Payout |
| | Number of | Number of | Securities | | | Shares or | Shares or | Shares, Units | Value of |
| | Securities | Securities | Underlying | | | Units of | Units of | or Other | Unearned Shares, |
| | Underlying | Underlying | Unexercised | | | Stock That | Stock That | Rights That | Units or Other |
| | Unexercised | Unexercised | Unearned | Option Exercise | | Have Not | Have Not | Have Not | Rights That Have |
| | Options (#) | Options (#) | Options | Price | Option | Vested | Vested | Vested | Not Vested |
| Name | Exercisable | Unexercisable | (#) | (\$) | Expiration Date | (#) | (\$) | (#) | (#) |
| | | | | | 10/12/23,2/17/25, | | | | |
| Todd P. Cravens, CEO | 414,500 | 110,000 | _ | \$1.19-\$3.91 | 1/3/27 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Harry C. Hagerty, CFO | _ | 200,000 | _ | \$3.91 | 1/3/27 | _ | _ | _ | _ |

Compensation of directors table. The table below summarizes all compensation paid to each named director for the last completed fiscal year.

DIRECTOR COMPENSATION TABLE

| Name | es Earned r Paid in Cash | Stoc | ek Awards | Option Awards | In | n-equity ecentive Plan npensatio n | qu De Con | Non- ualified eferred npensatio n arnings | ll Other npensatio n | Total |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------|-----------|------------------|----|--|-----------------|--|----------------------------|---------------|
| Mark A. Lipparelli ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 110,000 | \$ | 81,206 | \$ _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ _ | \$ 191,206 |
| Michael Gavin Isaacs ⁽²⁾ | \$ 82,500 | \$ | 158,152 | \$ _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ _ | \$ 240,652 |
| Cheryl A. Kondra ⁽³⁾ | \$ 96,250 | \$ | 130,307 | \$ _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ _ | \$ 226,557 |
| William A. Zender ⁽⁴⁾ | \$ 45,000 | \$ | 15,964 | \$ _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ _ | \$ 60,964 |
| Bryan W. Waters ⁽⁵⁾ | \$ 82,500 | \$ | 60,902 | \$ _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ _ | \$ 143,402 |
| Meredith Brill ⁽⁶⁾ | \$ 34,597 | \$ | 27,959 | \$ _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ _ | \$ 62,556 |

- (1)Mr. Lipparelli was appointed as the Chairman of the Board effective July 26, 2017. During the year ended December 31, 2022, Mr. Lipparelli received 25,398 shares of our restricted common stock in quarterly installments valued at \$81,206, using the grant date trading price of our stock. The shares vested immediately on the grant date. During the year ended December 31, 2022, Mr. Lipparelli exercised 75,000 options valued at \$254,625, using the exercise date price of our stock. We also provided Mr. Lipparelli annual cash compensation of \$110,000 paid in monthly installments.
- (2)Mr. Isaacs was appointed to the Board effective June 3, 2019, and the Board authorized the issuance of 75,000 restricted shares of our common stock, which vest yearly over a three-year period beginning June 3, 2020. 75,000 shares have vested as of December 31, 2022. 25,000 vested during the period with a value of \$97,250, using the trading price of our stock on that day. During the year ended December 31, 2022, Mr. Isaacs received 19,048 shares of our restricted common stock in quarterly installments valued at \$60,902, using the grant date trading price of our stock. The shares vested immediately on the grant date. We also provided Mr. Isaacs cash compensation of \$82,500 paid in monthly installments.
- (3)Ms. Kondra was appointed to the Board effective December 2, 2021, and the Board authorized the issuance of 75,000 restricted shares of our common stock, which vest yearly over a three-year period beginning December 2, 2022. 25,000 shares have vested as of December 31, 2022, with a value of \$59,250. During the year ended December 31, 2022, Ms. Kondra received 22,224 shares of our restricted common stock valued at \$71,057, using the grant date trading price of our stock. The shares vested immediately on the grant date. We also provided Ms. Kondra cash compensation of \$96,250 paid in monthly installments.
- (4)Mr. Zender was appointed to the Board effective May 1, 2014 and resigned from the board effective July 1, 2022. During the year ended December 31, 2022, Mr. Zender received 7,491 shares of our restricted common stock in quarterly installments valued at \$30,964, using the grant date trading price of our stock. The shares vested immediately on the grant date. During the year ended December 31, 2022, Mr. Zender exercised 100,000 options valued at \$305,500, using the exercise date price of our stock. We also provided Mr. Zender annual cash compensation of \$45,000 paid in monthly installments.
- (5)Mr. Waters was appointed to the Board, effective April 1, 2015. During the year ended December 31, 2022, Mr. Waters received 19,048 shares of our restricted common stock in quarterly installments valued at \$60,902, using the grant date trading price of our stock. The shares vested immediately on the grant date. During the year ended December 31, 2022, Mr. Waters exercised 100,000 options valued at \$238,750, using the exercise date price of our stock. We also provided Mr. Waters annual cash compensation of \$82,500 paid in monthly installments.
- (6)Ms. Brill was appointed to the Board effective July 13, 2022. During the year ended December 31, 2022, Ms. Brill received 10,840 shares of our restricted common stock in quarterly installments valued at \$27,959, using the grant date and trading price of our stock. The shares vested immediately on the grant date. We also provided Ms. Brill annual cash compensation of \$34,597 paid in monthly installments.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT, AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The following table sets forth, as of March 15, 2023, the beneficial ownership of our common stock by each executive officer and director, by each person known by us to beneficially own more than 5% of our common stock and by the executive officers and directors as a group. Unless otherwise indicated, the named persons possess sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares listed (except to the extent such authority is shared with spouses under applicable law). The percentages are based upon a total of 25,085,598 shares as of March 15, 2023, consisting of 24,411,098 shares outstanding and 674,500 stock options and restricted stock, which are exercisable at March 15, 2023 or within 60 days.

| | Amount of Beneficial | |
|---|-------------------------|------------------|
| Name of Beneficial Owner | Ownership | Percent of Class |
| Mark A. Lipparelli, Director ⁽¹⁾ | 1,943,648 | 7.96 % |
| Michael Gavin Isaacs, Director ⁽²⁾ | 269,919 | 1.11 % |
| Meredith Brill, Director ⁽³⁾ | 355,840 | 1.46 % |
| Bryan W. Waters, Director ⁽⁴⁾ | 550,648 | 2.26 % |
| Cheryl A. Kondra ⁽⁵⁾ | 100,557 | 0.41 % |
| Todd P. Cravens, President and Chief Executive Officer ⁽⁶⁾ | 1,020,220 | 4.18 % |
| Harry C. Hagerty, Chief Financial Officer ⁽⁷⁾ | 990,500 | 4.06 % |
| Total Directors, Executive Officers & Beneficial Owners > 5% | 5,231,332 | 21.44 % |

- (1)Mr. Lipparelli holds 1,818,648 shares of common stock under his name and 125,000 shares under Mark Allan Lipparelli TTEE.
- (2)Mr. Isaacs holds 269,919 shares of common stock.
- (3)Ms. Brill holds 355,840 shares of common stock.
- (4)Mr. Waters holds 550,648 shares of common stock.
- (5)Ms. Kondra holds 100,557 shares of common stock.
- (6)Mr. Cravens holds options to purchase 574,500 shares of our common stock which are either exercisable at March 15, 2023, or exercisable within 60 days and 445,720 shares of common stock.
- (7)Mr. Hagerty holds options to purchase 100,000 shares of our common stock which are either exercisable at March 15, 2023, or exercisable within 60 days and 890,500 shares of common stock.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

None of our directors or executive officers, nor any proposed nominee for election as a director, nor any person who beneficially owns, directly or indirectly, shares carrying more than 5% of the voting rights attached to all of our outstanding shares, nor any members of the immediate family (including spouse, parents, children, siblings, and in-laws) of any of the foregoing persons has any material interest, direct or indirect, in any transaction over the last two years or in any presently proposed transaction which, in either case, has or will materially affect us.

We are not a "listed issuer" within the meaning of Item 407 of Regulation S-K. Applying the definition of independence set forth in Rule 4200(a)(15) of The Nasdaq Stock Market, Inc., we have determined all of our directors are independent directors.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES

Below is the table of audit fees billed by our auditor in connection with the audit of our annual financial statements for the years ended December 31:

| 1 | Fee Туре | 2022 | 2021 |
|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| Audit fees | | \$ 319,225 | \$ 265,088 |
| Audit-related fees | | _ | _ |
| Tax fees | | 50,250 | _ |
| All other fees | | _ | _ |
| Total fees | | \$ 369,475 | \$ 265,088 |
| | | | |
| | , | | |

PART IV

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

| Exhibit Number | Description | Form | File No. | Exhibit | Filing Date | Filed Herewith |
|-------------------|--|-------|-----------|---------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 3.1 | Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation | 8-K | 000-30653 | 3.1 | February 13, 2009 | |
| 3.2 | Amended and Restated Bylaws | 8-K | 000-30653 | 3.2 | February 13, 2009 | |
| 3.3 | Second Amended and Restated Bylaws | 8-K | 000-30653 | 3.2 | February 14, 2020 | |
| 10.1 | Lease agreement with Abyss Group, LLC for 6980 O'Bannon Drive (related party) | 10-K | 000-30653 | 10.2 | April 1, 2013 | |
| 10.2 | Amendment to lease agreement with Abyss Group, LLC for 6980 O'Bannon Drive (related party) | 10-K | 000-30653 | 10.3 | April 1, 2013 | |
| 10.3 | Exclusive Operating and License Agreement with TableMAX Gaming, Inc. | 8-K | 000-30653 | 99.2 | February 24, 2011 | |
| 10.4 | Asset Purchase Agreement with Prime Table Games, LLC | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.1 | October 11, 2011 | |
| 10.5 | Prime Table Games Promissory Note and Security Agreement - US | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.2 | October 11, 2011 | |
| 10.6 | Prime Table Games Promissory Note and Security Agreement - UK | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.3 | October 11, 2011 | |
| 10.7 | Employment agreement with Gary A. Vecchiarelli, Chief Financial Officer | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.1 | July 9, 2012 | |
| 10.8 | Board of Directors Service Agreement with Norm DesRosiers, Director | 8-K | 000-30653 | 99.2 | February 3, 2014 | |
| 10.9 | Lease agreement with SRC Spencer, LLC for 6767 Spencer Drive | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.1 | February 27, 2014 | |
| 10.10 | Board of Directors Service Agreement with William A. Zender, Director | 8-K | 000-30653 | 1.1 | April 2, 2014 | |
| 10.11 | Board of Directors Service Agreement with Bryan W. Waters, Director | 10-K | 000-30653 | 10.11 | March 31, 2015 | |
| 10.12 | Promissory Note with Robert Saucier, Chief Executive Officer | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.1 | October 29, 2015 | |
| 10.13 | 2015 Employment Agreement with Gary A. Vecchiarelli, Chief Financial Officer | 10-Q | 000-30653 | 99.2 | November 16, 2015 | |
| 10.14 | Employment agreement with Harry C. Hagerty, Chief Financial Officer, dated May 1, 2017 | 10-Q | 000-30653 | 10.1 | May 15, 2017 | |
| 10.15 | Employment agreement of Todd Cravens, dated July 27, 2017 | 10-Q | 000-30653 | 10.1 | August 14, 2017 | |
| 10.16 | Form of Indemnification Agreement for Norman DesRosiers | 10-Q | 000-30653 | 99.1 | May 16, 2016 | |
| 10.17 | Form of Indemnification Agreement for Robert Saucier | 10-Q | 000-30653 | 99.2 | May 16, 2016 | |
| 10.18 | Form of Indemnification Agreement for William Zender | 10-Q | 000-30653 | 99.3 | May 16, 2016 | |
| 10.19 | Form of Indemnification Agreement for Bryan Waters | 10-Q | 000-30653 | 99.4 | May 16, 2016 | |
| 10.20 | Settlement Agreement with Red Card Gaming, Inc. and AGS, LLC | 8-K | 000-30653 | 99.1 | July 13, 2016 | |
| 10.21 | Loan Agreement dated August 29, 2016 with Breakaway Capital Management, LLC, as administrative agent for the lenders | 8-K/A | 000-30653 | 99.1 | August 30, 2016 | |
| 10.22 | Warrant Agreement dated August 29, 2016, with the lenders | 8-K/A | 000-30653 | 99.2 | August 30, 2016 | |
| | 44 | | | | | |

| 10.23 | Guaranty and Security agreement dated August 29, 2016, with Breakaway Capital Management, LLC, as administrative agent for the lenders | 8-K/A | 000-30653 | 99.3 | August 30, 2016 |
|-------|---|-------|-----------|------|--------------------|
| 10.24 | Promissory Note Restructuring Agreement dated August 10, 2015, between Carpathia Associates, LLC and Galaxy Gaming, Inc. | 10-Q | 000-30653 | 99.1 | November 16, 2015 |
| 10.25 | Gary Vecchiarelli Indemnification Agreement dated November 14, 2015 | 10-Q | 000-30653 | 99.3 | November 16, 2015 |
| 10.26 | Amendment No. 1 to Harry C. Hagerty Employment Agreement | 10-K | 000-30653 | 10.5 | April 2, 2018 |
| 10.27 | Board of Directors Service Agreement with Mark A. Lipparelli | 8-K | 000-30653 | 99.1 | September 7, 2017 |
| 10.28 | Form of Voting and Control Agreement (Triangulum Partners, LLC shares) | 8-K | 000-30653 | 99.1 | September 27, 2017 |
| 10.29 | Credit Agreement, dated April 24, 2018, between Galaxy Gaming, Inc., a Nevada corporation, and ZB, N.A. DBA Nevada State Bank, a Nevada state banking corporation | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.1 | April 27, 2018 |
| 10.30 | Amendment #1 to the Employment Agreement dated July 27, 2017, between the Company and Todd P. Cravens | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.1 | February 22, 2019 |
| 10.31 | Amendment #2 to the Employment Agreement dated May 1, 2017, between the Company and Harry C. Hagerty | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.2 | February 22, 2019 |
| 10.32 | First Amendment to Credit Agreement dated April 22, 2019, with Zions Bancorporation, N.A. dba Nevada State Bank | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.1 | April 24, 2019 |
| 10.33 | Second Amendment to Credit Agreement dated May 6, 2019, with Zions Bancorporation, N.A. dba Nevada State Bank | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.1 | May 6, 2019 |
| 10.34 | Board of Director Service Agreement dated June 3, 2019, with Michael Gavin Isaacs | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.1 | June 6, 2019 |
| 10.35 | Third Amendment to Credit Agreement dated August 16, 2019, with Zions Bancorporation, N.A. dba Nevada State Bank | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.1 | August 28, 2019 |
| 10.36 | Amendment #2 to the Employment Agreement dated July 27, 2017, between the Company and Todd P. Cravens | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.1 | February 19, 2020 |
| 10.37 | Fourth Amendment to Credit Agreement dated October 14, 2019, between Galaxy Gaming, Inc., a Nevada Corporation and Zions Bancorporation, N.A. dba Nevada State Bank | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.3 | October 15, 2019 |
| 10.38 | Membership Interest Purchase Agreement dated February 25, 2020, between the Company and the Membership Interest Holders of PGP | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.2 | February 26, 2020 |
| 10.39 | Paycheck Protection Program Loan Agreement pursuant to the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act | 8-K | 000-30653 | | April 21, 2020 |
| 10.40 | Forbearance and Fifth Amendment to Credit Agreement dated August 14, 2020, between Galaxy Gaming, Inc., a Nevada Corporation and Zions Bancorporation, N.A. dba Nevada State Bank | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.1 | August 14, 2020 |
| 10.41 | First Amendment dated August 21, 2020, to Membership Interest Purchase Agreement dated February 25, 2020 between the Company and the Membership Interest Holders of PGP | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.1 | August 24, 2020 |
| 10.42 | Sixth Amendment to Credit Agreement dated October 26, 2020, between Galaxy Gaming, Inc., a Nevada Corporation and Zions Bancorporation, N.A. dba Nevada State Bank | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.3 | November 4, 2020 |
| 10.43 | \$4,000,000 Promissory Note of Galaxy Gaming, Inc. in favor of Zions Bancorporation, N.A. dba Nevada State Bank | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.2 | November 4, 2020 |
| | | | | | |

| 10.44 | Seventh Amendment to Credit Agreement dated November 16, 2020, between Galaxy Gaming, Inc., a Nevada Corporation and Zions Bancorporation, N.A. dba Nevada State Bank | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.1 | November 17, 2020 | |
|---------|---|------|-----------|------|-------------------|---|
| 10.45 | Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated March 29, 2021, with Zions Bancorporation, N.A. dba Nevada State Bank | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.1 | March 31, 2021 | |
| 10.46 | Forbearance to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated March 29, 2021, with Zions Bancorporation, N.A. dba Nevada State Bank | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.1 | May 17, 2021 | |
| 10.47 | Settlement Agreement with former Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Robert Saucier and Triangulum Partners LLC dated October 7, 2021 | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.1 | October 7, 2021 | |
| 10.48 | Credit Agreement dated November 15, 2021, with Fortress Credit Corp. | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.1 | November 17, 2021 | |
| 10.49 | Board of Directors Service Agreement with Cheryl Kondra, Director | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.1 | December 7, 2021 | |
| 10.50 | Form of Indemnification Agreement for Cheryl Kondra, Director | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.2 | December 7, 2021 | |
| 10.51 | Consent and Waiver to Term Loan Credit Agreement, dated November 15, 2021, by among Galaxy Gaming Inc., a Nevada corporation, the lenders from time to time party and Fortress Credit Corp. as administrative agent and collateral agent. | 10-Q | 000-30653 | 10.1 | March 22, 2022 | |
| 10.52 | Cooperation Agreement, dated April 20, 2022, by and between the Company and Tice Brown | 10-Q | 000-30653 | 10.1 | April 25, 2022 | |
| 10.53 | Amendment #3 to the Employment Agreement between the Company and Todd Cravens | 10-Q | 000-30653 | 10.1 | June 21, 2022 | |
| 10.54 | Board of Directors Service Agreement with Meredith Brill, Director | 10-Q | 000-30653 | 10.1 | July 15,2022 | |
| 10.55 | First Amendment to Board of Directors Service Agreement with Meredith Brill, <u>Director</u> | 10-Q | 000-30653 | 10.1 | July 26, 2022 | |
| 10.56 | Changes to Board Compensation | 8-K | 000-30653 | 10.1 | January 27, 2023 | |
| 23.2 | Consent of Moss Adams LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm | | | | | X |
| 31.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 | | | | | X |
| 31.2 | Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 | | | | | X |
| 32.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 | | | | | X |
| 101.INS | Inline XBRL Instance Document – the instance does not appear in the Interactive Data File because XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document | | | | | |
| 101.SCH | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document | | | | | |
| 101.CAL | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document | | | | | |
| 101.DEF | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document | | | | | |
| 101.LAB | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

101.PRE

104

Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

GALAXY GAMING, INC.

Date: March 30, 2023

By: /s/ TODD P. CRAVENS

Todd P. Cravens

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: March 30, 2023

By: /s/ HARRY C. HAGERTY

Harry C. Hagerty Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated:

| Signature /s/ TODD P. CRAVENS Todd P. Cravens | Title President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) | Date March 30, 2023 |
|---|---|----------------------------|
| /s/ HARRY C. HAGERTY Harry C. Hagerty | Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer) | March 30, 2023 |
| /s/ MARK A. LIPPARELLI Mark A. Lipparelli | Chairman of the Board of Directors | March 30, 2023 |
| /s/ MICHAEL GAVIN ISAACS Michael Gavin Isaacs | Director | March 30, 2023 |
| /s/ MEREDITH BRILL Meredith Brill | Director | March 30, 2023 |
| /s/ BRYAN W. WATERS Bryan W. Waters | Director | March 30, 2023 |
| /s/ CHERYL A. KONDRA Cheryl A. Kondra | Director | March 30, 2023 |

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements on Form S-8 (No. 333-237796) of Galaxy Gaming, Inc. of our report dated March 30, 2023, relating to the consolidated financial statements of Galaxy Gaming Inc., which report expresses an unqualified opinion, appearing in this Annual Report on Form 10K/A of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2022.

/s/ Moss Adams LLP

San Diego, California April 7, 2023

CERTIFICATIONS

- I, Todd Cravens, certify that;
- 1.I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 of Galaxy Gaming, Inc. (the "registrant");
- 2.Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3.Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4.The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a.Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b.Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c.Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d.Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a.All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b.Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 30, 2023

/s/ Todd P. Cravens By: Todd P. Cravens

Title: Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATIONS

- I, Harry C. Hagerty, certify that;
- 1.I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 of Galaxy Gaming, Inc. (the "registrant");
- 2.Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3.Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4.The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a.Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b.Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c.Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d.Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a.All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b.Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 30, 2023

/s/ Harry C. Hagerty By: Harry C. Hagerty Title: Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the annual Report of Galaxy Gaming, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Todd P. Cravens, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and I, Harry C. Hagerty, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of his knowledge, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the consolidated financial condition of the Company as of the dates presented and the consolidated result of operations of the Company for the periods presented.

By: /s/ Todd P. Cravens Name: Todd P. Cravens

Title: Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: March 30, 2023

By: /s/ Harry C. Hagerty Name: Harry C. Hagerty

Title: Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

Date: March 30, 2023

This certification has been furnished solely pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.