### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

#### FORM 10-Q

[X] Quarterly Report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2010
[ ] Transition Report pursuant to 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the transition period from to
Commission File Number: <u>000-30653</u>
Galaxy Gaming, Inc. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
Nevada 20-8143439
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (IRS Employer Identification No.)
6980 O'Bannon Drive, Las Vegas, Nevada 89117 (Address of principal executive offices)
702-939-3254 (Registrant's telephone number) Secured Diversified Investment, Ltd
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange A of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days [X] Yes [] No
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). [ ] Yes [X] No
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company.
[ ] Large accelerated filer [ ] Accelerated filer [X] Smaller reporting company
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). [ ] Yes [X] No
State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: 34,524,758 common shares as May 14, 2010.



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#### PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Financial Statements

Our financial statements included in this Form 10-Q are as follows:

- F-1 Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2010 (unaudited) and December 31, 2009, (audited);
- F-2 Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 (unaudited);
- F-3 Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Deficit as of March 31, 2010 (unaudited)
- F-4 Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31 2010 and, 2009 (unaudited);
- F-5 Notes to Financial Statements;

#### GALAXY GAMING, INC. BALANCE SHEETS

#### $AS\ OF\ MARCH\ 31,2010\ (UNAUDITED)\ AND\ DECEMBER\ 31,2009\ (AUDITED)$

ASSETS Current Assets	\$		
Current Assets	Ф		
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Cash	Ф	199,911	,
Accounts receivable - trade, net		374,450	372,560
Miscellaneous receivables		7,807	7,606
Prepaid expenses		36,834	43,314
Inventory		146,646	123,671
Note receivable - current portion		53,803	53,004
Total Current Assets		819,451	1,008,994
Property and Equipment, net		34,834	32,316
Other Assets			
Intellectual property, net		125,117	126,879
Intangible assets		150,000	150,000
Note receivable - long term		393,718	407,472
Other		20,824	0
Total Other Assets		689,659	684,351
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,543,944	\$ 1,725,661
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT			
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$	257,858	\$ 309,348
Accrued expenses and taxes	·	113,481	117,998
Accrued interest – related party		18,729	16,420
Deferred revenue		216,195	208,729
Notes payable - related party		302,262	357,199
Note payable - current portion		22,650	22,242
Total Current Liabilities		931,175	1,031,936
Long-term Debt			
Note payable		1,166,279	1,172,392
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,097,454	2,204,328
STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT			
Common stock		33,096	33,056
Additional paid in capital		964,734	944,774
Stock warrants		147,504	147,504
Stock subscription receivable		(21,301)	(25,967)
Accumulated deficit		(1,677,542)	(1,578,034)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		(553,509)	(478,667)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT	\$	1,543,944	\$ 1,725,661

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

## GALAXY GAMING, INC. STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009

	2010		1	2009	
GROSS REVENUES	\$	754,027	\$	608,709	
COST OF GOODS SOLD		48,092		23,833	
GROSS PROFIT		705,935		544,876	
OPERATING EXPENSES		783,151		626,062	
NET OPERATING LOSS		(77,216)		(41,186)	
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)		(22,292)		(26,555)	
NET LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAXES		(99,508)		(67,741)	
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES		0		0	
NET LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		(99,508)		(67,741)	
LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		0		0	
NET LOSS	\$	(99,508)	\$	(67,741)	
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING:					
BASIC DILUTED		33,076,186 34,112,615		15,863,085 15,863,085	
NET LOSS PER SHARE:		34,112,013		13,003,003	
FROM OPERATIONS	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.00)	
FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	<b>¢</b>			(0,00)	
FULLY DILUTED	<u>\$</u> \$	(0.00)	\$	(0.00)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

## GALAXY GAMING, INC. STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT (UNAUDITED) AS OF MARCH 31, 2010

	Common		Additional Paid in	Stock	Stock Subscription A	Accumulated	
·	Shares	Amount	Capital	Warrants	Receivable	Deficit	Total
Beginning balance, January 1, 2009	10,000,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 125	\$ 0	\$ 0 \$	5 (1,130,323)	\$(1,120,198)
Cancellation of old shares	(10,000,000)	(10,000)	10,000	-	-	-	_
Issuance of new shares upon confirmation of reorganization plan	29,000,006	29,000	71,000		-		100,000
Shares issued upon conversion of notes payable	1,042,989	1,043	237,523	-	-	-	238,566
Shares issued for services	1,101,583	1,101	66,132	-	-	-	67,233
Shares issued for payment of accounts payable	100,000	100	39,900	-	_	-	40,000
Shares issued under private placement financing	1,722,858	1,723	601,277	-	_	_	603,000
Shares retired through transfer of property to former employee	(50,000)	(50)	_	_	-	_	(50)
Other shares issued including shares issued to employees	138,750	139	55,362	-	(25,967)	_	29,534
Share-based compensation expense	_	-	10,959	-	_	_	10,959
Issuance of stock warrants	-	-	(147,504)	147,504	-	-	0
Net loss from continuing operations	-	-	-	-	-	(347,761)	(347,761)
Net loss from discontinued operations	-		-		-,	(99,950)	(99,950)
Balance, December 31, 2009	33,056,186	33,056	944,774	147,504	(25,967)	(1,578,034)	(478,667)
Shares issued for payment of accounts payable	40,000	40	15,960		-	-	16,000
Share-based compensation expense	-	-	4,000	-	-	-	4,000
Payment received on stock subscription							

receivable	-	-	-	-	4,666	-	4,666
Net loss from							
continuing operations	<u>-                                     </u>	<u>-</u>				(99,508)	(99,508)
Balance, March 31,							
2010	33,096,186 \$	33,096 \$	964,734 \$	147,504 \$	(21,301) \$	(1,677,542) \$	(553,509)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

## GALAXY GAMING, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009

	2010	2009	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Net loss from operations	\$ (99,508)	\$ (67,741)	
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Loss to Net			
Cash Used in Operating Activities:			
Depreciation expense	3,991	3,937	
Amortization expense	1,762	1,753	
Loss on the disposal of property and			
equipment	0	0	
Provision for bad debts	9,000	886	
Share-based compensation	4,000	0	
Changes in Assets and Liabilities			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(10,890)	23,647	
(Increase) in miscellaneous receivable	(201)	0	
(Increase) decrease in prepaid			
expenses	6,480	(835)	
(Increase) in inventory	(22,975)	(34,610)	
(Increase) in accrued interest			
receivable	0	(1,339)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts			
payable	(35,490)	95,586	
Increase (decrease) in accrued	(4.517)	(22.717)	
expenses and taxes  Increase (decrease) in due to employee	(4,517) e 0	(23,717) 12,162	
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest		12,102	
- related party	2,309	9,413	
Increase in deferred revenue	7,466	1,501	
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Operating	7,100	1,501	
Activities	(138,573)	20,643	
	(130,373)	20,043	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Purchase of property and equipment	(6,509)	0	
Increase in other assets	(20,825)	0	
Payments received on note receivable	12,955	13,554	
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Investing			
Activities	(14,379)	13,554	
	(14,577)	13,334	
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:			
Principal payments on notes payable –			
related party	(54,937)	0	
Payments received on stock			
subscription receivable	4,666	0	
Principal payments on note payable	(5,705)	(4,738)	
Net Cash (Used in) Financing Activities	(55,976)	(4,738)	
Not Increase in Cook and Cook			
Net Increase in Cash and Cash	(200.020)	20.450	
Equivalents	(208,928)	29,459	
Cash and Cash Equivalents – Beginning of			
Year	408,839	25,885	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 199,911	\$ 55,344	
<b>Supplemental Cash Flow Information:</b>			
Cash paid for interest	\$ 26,924	\$ 0	
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	
P		<u> </u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

#### **Note 1: Nature of Operations**

On February 10, 2009, Secured Diversified Investment, Ltd. ("SDI") acquired all of the issued and outstanding stock of Galaxy Gaming, Inc. ("Galaxy Gaming") pursuant to the terms of a Share Exchange Agreement. Following the closing of the Share Exchange Agreement, SDI discontinued all prior operations and focused exclusively on the business and operations of its wholly-owned subsidiary, Galaxy Gaming. Galaxy Gaming was incorporated in the State of Nevada on December 29, 2006 and continued the business operations of one or more predecessor companies using the "Galaxy Gaming" moniker beginning with Galaxy Gaming Corporation in 1997.

In August of 2009 upon filing articles of merger in Nevada, Galaxy Gaming was merged into Secured Diversified Investment, Ltd. At the effective date the separate legal existence of Galaxy Gaming ceased and the surviving corporation in the merger (SDI) continued its existence under the laws of the State of Nevada under the name Galaxy Gaming, Inc. ("The Company")

On January 1, 2007, Galaxy Gaming, LLC (the "LLC"), which was organized as a Nevada limited liability company on September 27, 2000, entered into several agreements with the newly formed Galaxy Gaming. Pursuant to these agreements, the LLC sold selected assets, such as inventory and fixed assets, to Galaxy Gaming. On December 31, 2007, Galaxy Gaming acquired, through an asset purchase agreement, the LLC's remaining intellectual property including patents, patent applications, trademarks, trademark applications, copyrights, know-how and trade secrets related to the casino gaming services including but not limited to games, side bets, inventions and ideas. Galaxy Gaming also acquired the existing client base from the LLC.

The Company designs, manufactures and markets casino table games and electronic jackpot bonus system platforms played in land-based and cruise ship gaming establishments. The game concepts and the intellectual property associated with these games are typically protected by patents, trademarks and/or copyrights. The Company markets its products and licensed intellectual property via its own sales force to casinos throughout North America and to cruise ships worldwide. Revenues come primarily from recurring royalties received from its clients for the licensing of game content and other fees paid based upon the performance of its electronic platforms. Additionally, the Company receives revenue as reimbursement from the sale of its associated products.

#### **Note 2: Significant Accounting Policies**

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Company is presented to assist in understanding the Company's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of the Company's management, who are responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles and have been consistently applied to the preparation of the financial statements.

#### Basis of Presentation

The accompanying interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), and should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto contained in the Company's Form 10-K filed with the SEC as of and for the period ended December 31, 2009. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary in order for the financial statements to be not misleading have been reflected herein. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

#### **Note 2: Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Revenues are recognized as income when earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. The Company does not have significant categories of cost as its income is recurring with high margins. Expenses such as wages, consulting expenses, legal and professional fees, and rent are recorded when the expense is incurred.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers cash on hand, cash in banks, certificates of deposit, and other short-term securities with maturities of three months or less when purchased, as cash and cash equivalents.

The Company's bank accounts are deposited in insured institutions. The funds are insured up to \$250,000. At March 31, 2010 the Company's bank deposits exceeded the insured amounts. Management believes it has little risk related to the excess deposits.

#### Reclassifications

Certain accounts and financial statement captions in the prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the current period financial statements.

#### **Inventory**

Inventory consists of products designed to enhance table games, such as signs, layouts, bases for the different signs and electronic devices to support our enhanced bonus platforms. The inventory value is determined by the average cost method and management maintains inventory levels based on historical and industry trends. Signs and layouts do not change unless the table game changes.

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair value of cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximates the carrying amount of these financial instruments due to their short-term nature. The fair value of long-term debt, which approximates its carrying value, is based on current rates at which the Company could borrow funds with similar remaining maturities.

#### Property and Equipment

The capital assets are being depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation for book purposes.

#### **Intangible Assets**

The Company acquired, with an asset purchase agreement from the LLC, the remaining intellectual property including patents, patent applications, trademarks, trademark applications, copyrights, know-how and trade secrets related to the casino gaming services including, but not limited to, games, side bets, inventions and ideas.

These intangible assets have finite lives and are being amortized using the straight-line method over their economic useful lives and analyzed for potential impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. These assets were transferred at cost.

The Company purchased back a regional territory from an outside sales representative. The total value of this agreement was \$150,000 and the resulting intangible asset has an infinite life.

#### **Note 2: Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### Revenue Recognition

Substantially all revenue is recognized when it is earned. Clients are typically invoiced one month in advance and the advance billings are carried as deferred revenue on the balance sheet. The monthly recurring invoices are based on signed agreements with each client.

#### Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions have been made in determining the depreciable lives of such assets and the allowance for doubtful accounts receivable. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Recently Issued Accounting Guidance

The Company does not expect the adoption of recently issued accounting pronouncements to have a significant impact on the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flow.

#### Note 3: Note Receivable

The note receivable at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 was as follows:

	 2010	 2009
Note receivable	\$ 447,521	\$ 460,476
Less: current portion	 (53,803)	 (53,004)
Long-term Note		
Receivable	\$ 393,718	\$ 407,472

The Company acquired, with an asset purchase agreement from the LLC, the note receivable stated above, as part of the purchase of the remaining intellectual property including patents, patent applications, trademarks, trademark applications, copyrights, know-how and trade secrets related to the casino gaming services including but not limited to games, side bets, inventions and ideas. The purchase was financed by a ten year note with a 6% fixed interest rate. Interest income associated with this note receivable was \$6,840 and \$7,580 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 respectively.

Management evaluates collectability on a regular basis and will set up reserves for uncollectible amounts when it has determined that some or all of this receivable may be uncollectible. At March 31, 2010 management believed that 100% of the notes receivable principal and interest amounts are collectable.

#### **Note 4: Prepaid Expenses**

Prepaid expenses consist of the following as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009:

	 2010	 2009
Prepaid marketing		
agreement	\$ 16,500	\$ 24,750
Prepaid IT system	5,373	3,326
Prepaid property tax	2,300	0
Prepaid insurance	447	447
Prepaid legal	2,661	5,825
Prepaid trade show		
expense	5,054	5,054
Prepaid other	 4,499	3,912
Total Prepaid		
Expenses	\$ 36,834	\$ 43,314

#### **Note 5: Property and Equipment**

The Company owned property and equipment, recorded at cost, which consisted of the following at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009:

	2010	2009
Computer equipment	\$ 31,345	\$ 31,345
Furniture and fixtures	42,787	36,278
Office equipment	10,320	10,320
Subtotal	84,452	77,943
Less: Accumulated		
depreciation	(49,618)	(45,627)
Property and		
Equipment, net	\$ 34,834	\$ 32,316

Depreciation expense was \$3,991 and \$3,937 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

#### **Note 6: Accrued Expenses and Taxes**

The Company recorded accrued expenses and taxes which consisted of the following at December 31:

		2010	2009		
Wages and related					
costs	\$	76,219	\$ 78,141		
Accrued expenses and	d				
taxes		37,262	39,857		
Accrued intangible					
asset costs		0	0		
Total Accrued					
Expenses and Taxes	\$	113,481	\$ 117,998		
	_				

#### Note 7: <u>Long – term Debt</u>

Long - term debt consists of the following at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009:

	 2010	2009
Note payable	\$ 1,188,929	\$ 1,194,634
Less: Current		
portion	(22,650)	(22,242)
Total Long –		
term debt	\$ 1,166,279	\$ 1,172,392

The note payable is due to a commercial bank in monthly installments of \$9,159 including fixed interest of 7.3%, for ten years, through February 2017, at which time there is a balloon payment of \$1,003,230. This liability was assumed with the asset purchase agreement from the LLC. The note payable financed the purchase of the remaining intellectual property including patents, patent applications, trademarks, trademark applications, copyrights, know-how and trade secrets related to the casino gaming services including but not limited to games, side bets, inventions and ideas. The note agreement remains in the name of the LLC.

#### Note 7: <u>Long – term Debt (continued)</u>

Maturities of the Company's long-term debt as of March 31, 2010 are as follows:

2010 \$	22,650
2011	24,152
2012	26,234
2013	28,243
2014	30,410
Thereafter	1,057,240
Total Long – term	
Debt \$	1,188,929

During 2009 the Company issued \$200,000 of convertible notes payable with an interest rate of 12%. The holders of the convertible notes chose to convert the notes, including accrued interest, into 1,042,989 shares of the Company's common stock. The notes and accrued interest totaling \$8,600 were convertible into common stock of the Company at the conversion rate of .20 cents per share. The holders of the notes were also granted stock purchase warrants allowing the holders to purchase up to an additional 175,000 shares of common stock at the price of \$.40 per share. The warrants expire April 2014. In lieu of cash exercising, the warrant the holders may elect to receive shares equal to the value of the warrant. The Company recorded interest expense in the amount of \$29,966 relating to the fair value of the warrants issued during the quarter ended December 31, 2009.

#### Note 8: Notes Payable - Related Party

The Company received working capital loans from the LLC, a related party, in 2008 and 2007. The loans bear 9% interest and are due 90 days after demand. The terms of the loan call for interest to be accrued on interest if payments are not made. Interest expense associated with these loans was \$7,372 and \$9,412 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 respectively.

#### **Note 9: Commitments and Contingencies**

#### Operating Lease Obligation

The Company sub-leases its offices from the LLC, a related party. The lease expires August 31, 2010 and has an option for two six year renewals. As of March 31, 2010, the monthly minimum rental payment is \$18,565 and rent increases 3% every year on September 1st. Rent expense was \$55,697 and \$54,075 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 respectively. Effective April 1, 2010 the LLC agreed to temporarily reduce the monthly rent to \$9,283 until the end of the initial lease period. Rent to be paid under this lease agreement including the first six year renewal option is summarized as follows:

Twelve months ended March 31,	
2011	\$ 180,468
2012	233,740
2013	240,752
2014	247,975
2015	255,414
Thereafter	374,038
Total Lease	
Obligation	\$ 1,532,387

#### Note 9: Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

#### **Legal Proceedings**

In the ordinary course of business, we are involved in various legal proceedings and other matters that are complex in nature and have outcomes that are difficult to predict. We record accruals for such contingencies to the extent that we conclude that it is probable that a liability will be incurred and the amount of the related loss can be reasonably estimated. Our assessment of each matter may change based in future unexpected events. An unexpected adverse judgment in any pending litigation could cause a material impact on our business operations, intellectual property, results of operations or financial position. Unless otherwise expressly stated we believe costs associated with litigation will not have a material impact on our financial position or liquidity, but may be material to the results of operations in any given period. We assume no obligation to update the status of pending litigation, except as may be required by applicable law, statute or regulation. For a complete description of the facts and circumstances surrounding material litigation to which we are a party, see our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009.

There are no material updates to matters previously reported on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009.

In the ordinary course of conducting its business, the Company is, from time to time, involved in other litigation, administrative proceedings and regulatory government investigations including but not limited to those in which the Company is a plaintiff.

#### **Note 10: Allowance for Doubtful Accounts**

The Company records an allowance for doubtful accounts based on periodic reviews of accounts receivable. As of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Company had an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$30,576 and \$23,935, respectively.

#### Note 11: Capital Stock

The Company had 65,000,000 shares of \$.001 par value common stock and 10,000,000 shares of \$.001 par value preferred stock authorized as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009. There were 33,096,186 common shares and -0- preferred shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2010.

#### **Note 12: Related Party Transactions**

The Company sub-leases its office space from the LLC, a related party, for \$18,565 per month. As mentioned in Note 9 the LLC agreed to temporarily reduce the monthly rent, effective April 1, 2010, to \$9,283. The reduction will continue until August 31, 2010.

The Company has agreed to pay the legal expenses incurred by its President's attorneys pertaining to its defense in the Sherron litigation, (Please see Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009). Total fees from this law firm charged to expense were \$12,208 and \$0 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 respectively.

#### Note 13: Other Income (Expenses)

Other income (expenses) of the Company consists of the following at March 31, 2010 and 2009:

		2010	 2009
Interest income	\$	6,840	\$ 7,580
Loss on the sale of			
property and equipment	t	0	0
Interest expense		(29,132)	(34,105)
Miscellaneous other			
expense		0	(30)
Total Other Income			
(Expenses)	\$	(22,292)	\$ (26,555)

#### **Note 14: Income Taxes**

For the three months ended March 31, 2010 and year ended December 31, 2009, the Company incurred a net loss and, therefore, has no tax liability. The Company has a previous net operating loss carry-forward of \$1,035,000. The losses will be carried forward and can be used through the year 2028 to offset future taxable income up to a cumulative total of approximately \$1,135,000. The cumulative net operating loss carry-forward for income tax purposes may differ from the cumulative financial statement loss due to permanent differences and timing differences between book and tax reporting. Additionally, the Company has a foreign tax credit carry-forward of approximately \$142,000 that can be used in the future to offset federal income tax owed.

The cumulative tax effect at the expected rate of 34% of significant items comprising our net deferred tax amount is as follows:

		2010	2009
Deferred tax asset			
attributable to:			
Net operating loss			
carryover	\$	385,900	\$ 351,900
Valuation allowand	e	(385,900)	 (351,900)
Net Deferred			
Tax Asset	\$		\$ -

#### **Note 15: <u>Cash Flow Disclosures</u>**

#### Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities

During the year ended December 31, 2009 the Company issued 1,101,583 shares of stock for services to be performed in non-cash transactions pursuant to various service agreements. The cost of the service is being expensed over the term of the respective service agreement. The Company issued 100,000 shares of common stock in settlement of accounts payable. Convertible notes payable in the amount of \$200,000, plus accrued interest of \$8,600, were converted to equity resulting in the issuance of 1,042,989 common shares. The Company disposed of a real estate investment in a non-cash trade for 50,000 shares of common stock resulting in a loss of \$99,950 from discontinued operations during the quarter ended June 30, 2009.

Additionally, during the year ended December 31, 2009, the Company sold 101,250 shares of common stock to employees in exchange for various notes receivable totaling \$40,500. As of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, \$21,301 and \$25,967 was still outstanding and has been recorded as a stock subscription receivable.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2010 the Company issued 40,000 shares of common stock in settlement of accounts payable.

#### **Note 16: Stock Warrants and Options**

During the quarter ended March 31, 2010, the Company issued 46,250 stock warrants to a board member. The warrants were valued at the fair market value of the services performed which resulted in an expense of \$4,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2010. No warrants were issued during the quarter ended March 31, 2009.

#### Note 17: Bankruptcy confirmation and reverse merger – adoption of "fresh start" accounting

On February 10, 2009, Secured Diversified Investment, Ltd ("SDI"), a publicly held Nevada corporation, entered into a Share Exchange Agreement with the Company. In connection with the closing of the Share Exchange Agreement, SDI obtained 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company, and the Company became a wholly-owned subsidiary (the "Share Exchange"). Also pursuant to the terms of SDI's Bankruptcy Plan ("the Plan"), all of SDI's outstanding debt obligations (other than administrative expenses related to chapter 11 case) have been discharged in exchange for its issuance of new common stock on a pro rata basis to its creditors.

Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Share Exchange Agreement and the terms of the Plan, SDI issued 25,000,000 shares of common stock pro-rata to the former shareholders of the Company in exchange for obtaining ownership of 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company and 4,000,006 shares of new common stock on a pro rata basis to its creditors in exchange for the discharge of the outstanding debts under chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code. All of SDI's pre-Share Exchange issued and outstanding equity interests were extinguished and rendered null and void. Immediately following these events there were 29,000,006 shares of common stock issued and outstanding.

Following confirmation of the Plan and the consummation of the Share Exchange, SDI pursued the business plan of Galaxy Gaming.

After the consummation of the Plan and Share Exchange, SDI continued to own a twenty-five percent interest in certain real property in Arizona. On or about April 17, 2009, SDI transferred this property to a former officer and director, in exchange for the former officer tendering fifty thousand shares of the common stock of SDI for cancellation.

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, since the reorganization values of SDI's assets were less than the total of its post-petition liabilities and allowed claims, and since the holders of existing SDI shares before the confirmation of the reorganization plan received less than 50 percent of the voting shares of the emerging entity, the Company has adopted fresh-start reporting. The total amount of debt forgiveness was \$683,284. The remaining asset of SDI was valued at \$100,000, the estimated fair value at the date of confirmation.

#### **Note 18: Subsequent Events**

On April 1, 2010 the Company sold a total of 1,428,572 shares of common stock and 714,286 warrants for total cash proceeds of \$500,000.

On April 15, 2010 the Company executed an Asset Purchase Agreement ("Agreement") with T&P Gaming, Inc., and its majority owners ("Sellers") whereby the Company acquired the client installation base, intellectual

#### **Note 18: Subsequent Events (continued)**

property and related inventory associated with the "Deuces Wild Hold'em Fold'em game ("Deuces Wild") and related "Random Wild" game. The Sellers agreed to finance \$126,000 over eighteen months at an interest rate of 6% per annum. Monthly principal and interest payments of \$7,301 are required with the first payment due upon closing. Additionally, the Company agreed to transfer to the Sellers \$90,000 worth of the Company's common stock once certain obligations, as defined in the Agreement, are completed by the Sellers.

The Agreement also has a bonus performance provision, whereby the Company will pay to the Sellers \$50 per month, per table over 10 games placed in the United States. The bonus performance is not due until a game is in its fourth month of live play. Additionally, the bonus performance is also contingent on the Sellers fulfilling certain obligations, as defined in the agreement.

The Company has analyzed its operations subsequent to March 31, 2010 through the date these financial statements were filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and has determined that it does not have any additional material subsequent events to disclose.

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation

#### **Forward-Looking Statements**

Certain statements, other than purely historical information, including estimates, projections, statements relating to our business plans, objectives, and expected operating results, and the assumptions upon which those statements are based, are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These forward-looking statements generally are identified by the words "believes," "project," "expects," "anticipates," "estimates," "intends," "strategy," "plan," "may," "will," "would," "will be," "will continue," "will likely result," and similar expressions. We intend such forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe-harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and are including this statement for purposes of complying with those safe-harbor provisions. Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and assumptions that are subject to risks and uncertainties which may cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements. Our ability to predict results or the actual effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. Factors which could have a material adverse affect on our operations and future prospects on a consolidated basis include, but are not limited to: changes in economic conditions, legislative/regulatory changes, availability of capital, interest rates, competition, and generally accepted accounting principles. These risks and uncertainties should also be considered in evaluating forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. We undertake no obligation to update or revise publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Further information concerning our business, including additional factors that could materially affect our financia

#### Company Overview and Plan of Operation

We are engaged in the business of developing proprietary casino table games and electronically enhanced table game products. We license and/or lease our products to land-based, riverboat and cruise ship casinos in the United States and internationally. Currently, we have an installed base of our products on over 1,750 gaming tables. Casinos use our products and services to enhance their gaming floor operations and improve their profitability, productivity and security, as well as offer popular cutting-edge gaming entertainment content and technology to their players. We group our products into two business categories we call "Proprietary Table Games" and advanced table game platforms known as the "Bonus Jackpot System."

Proprietary Table Games.

We develop and deliver proprietary titles that enhance our casino clients' table game operations. Games in this category are grouped into two product types which include "Premium Games" as well as proprietary features added to public domain games such as poker, baccarat, pai gow poker and blackjack table games, also known as "Side Bets". Casinos use our proprietary table games in lieu of those games in the public domain (e.g. Blackjack, Craps, Roulette, etc.) because of their popularity with players and the increased profitability for casinos.

#### Bonus Jackpot System

We developed our Bonus Jackpot System to compete with our competitors' progressive jackpot systems. Early in its design, we decided to not simply emulate the standard progressive jackpot system, but instead we decided to design, engineer and manufacture a system to further enhance the table game player's experience beyond their current experiences and likewise further improve the casino's profit from table games. We have committed a significant portion of our revenues to the research and development of this system. We have planned the development of our Bonus Jackpot System for at least the next several years and have labeled each major release after the name of a known galaxy.

#### Strategy

We are proud of the products that we develop and market and believe we can have continued growth and expansion. To that end, we have devised and are implementing the following ongoing strategic plan:

Build our recurring revenue base.

Despite the current economy, or maybe because of it, our products are in their highest demand. Our products generate additional profit for our clients yet require an insignificant capital expenditure. Accordingly, we have demonstrated a 24% increase in recurring revenues compared to the same quarter last year. We expect continued growth in our recurring revenues through the development and/or acquisition of new products and game content. In February 2010 the Company announced the release of a new casino table game called Triple Attack Blackjack(TM). The game is a variation of the standard game of blackjack, but offers the player new strategic options, while still conforming to basic blackjack fundamentals.

On April 15, 2010 the Company executed an Asset Purchase Agreement with T&P Gaming, Inc., and its majority owners whereby the Company acquired the client installation base, intellectual property and related inventory associated with the "Deuces Wild Hold'em Fold'em game and related "Random Wild" game.

Expand our distribution network.

We intend to increase our recurring revenues and market share not only in North America, but throughout all available international markets. Expanding our distribution network requires that we first seek and obtain registration or licensing in most additional gaming jurisdictions. In regulated gaming jurisdictions, this is not always a simple task. Accordingly, our plan is to selectively choose jurisdictional expansion opportunities whereby we believe we can obtain the greatest results compared against the cost and duration of the regulatory approval process.

Enhance Our Portfolio of Games with the Bonus Jackpot System

Competitor's games such as Caribbean Stud and Let it Ride benefitted from electronic enhancements. Previously, only our Bonus Blackjack game utilized electronics. We set out to overcome this disadvantage and initiated the development of our Bonus Jackpot System in 2008. In March 2009, we installed the first Bonus Jackpot System into a casino. Since then we have installed over 130 more. We receive a fee from casinos based upon the amount of wagers placed by their players via the Bonus Jackpot System. Since its first installation, the Bonus Jackpot System has now recorded over 10,000,000 wagers.

We continue to develop our Bonus Jackpot System. Beginning with our inaugural "Milky Way Series," we have since developed what we call the "Andromeda Series" which is being installed in 2010. We have also begun the planning of the Bonus Jackpot System's next major release called the "Triangulum Series" which is scheduled for release in 2011. We intend to modify and adapt all of our Premium Games to benefit from the Bonus Jackpot System. Additionally, we expect that all of our new Premium Game titles will include the Bonus Jackpot System component.

We expect each of these products to generate additional revenue for us in 2010 and beyond.

#### Offer Manufacturer's Gambling Promotions

We have identified an opportunity to offer gambling promotions to our casino clients which in turn they would offer to their customers. We intend to collect a fee from the casino based upon their player's participation in the gambling promotion. The purpose of these gambling promotions is to stimulate play thereby increasing the profitability for the casino and for us. We expect the offering of our gambling promotion plan will commence and add revenues for us in 2010.

#### Profitability

Although we seek to take advantage of the current high demand of our products and in the process, rapidly expand our recurring revenues, our goal is to achieve profitability and closely guard our cash flow. Our plan is to monitor and adjust our expenses accordingly in order to meet these important objectives..

#### Build shareholder value.

Fundamentally, we will focus first and foremost on our company's financial performance both in terms of revenue growth, profitability and cash flow. While our successful performance is essential, we launched, in 2009, an Investor Relations / Public Relations campaign to build the Galaxy Gaming brand in the financial community. Furthermore, we maintain frequent and informative communication with our stakeholders.

#### **Sources of Revenue**

We derive our revenue from the sale and license of our products and intellectual property. Consistent with our strategy, we currently define our revenue sources into three categories, which includes (1) a one-time sale or reimbursement of our manufactured equipment; (2) a negotiated recurring licensing fee for our table game content; and (3) a recurring licensing fee associated with the performance of our electronic table game platform. When we license a table game without electronic enhancements, we generally sell the associated products and negotiate a month-to-month license fee for the game content. When we license a table game with electronic enhancements, such as our Bonus Jackpot System, we generally sell the associated products, negotiate a month-to-month license fee for the game content, and collect an additional recurring fee associated with the performance of our system such as a fee per each wager placed

#### **Financing**

Additional funding may be necessary to facilitate our current aggressive growth plans and acquisition strategy, as well as the investments in our infrastructure. If we determine that additional funding is required and we are unsuccessful in raising capital, we will still pursue acquisitions and growth, however, our acquisition opportunities could be limited and our growth strategy could be negatively impacted.

#### Expected Changes in Number of Employees, Plant, and Equipment

We do not have plans to purchase significant physical plant or equipment during the next twelve months. As we continue to grow and expand our business, we will evaluate the necessary increases to our employee base over the course of the next year.

#### Results of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2010

For the three months ended March 31, 2010 our continuing operations generated gross revenues of \$754,027, an increase of 24% from gross revenues of \$608,709 for the three months ended March 31, 2009. This increase in revenue was driven by each of our product categories; Proprietary Table Games and Bonus Jackpot Systems. Our cost of goods sold for the quarter was \$48,092 compared to \$23,833 in the prior quarter. Much of this increase is related to installations of our Bonus Jackpot System. This product was implemented in the first quarter of 2009 with limited installations. Our Operating Expenses for the quarter were \$783,151, an increase of 25% over the first quarter 2009 operating expenses of \$626,062. The increase was primarily due to increased payroll in research and development, sales and finance and outside services offset by a decrease in legal fees. Other expenses decreased from \$26,555 in 2009 to \$22,292 in 2010 due to decreased interest expense.

The net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2010 was \$99,508, compared to a loss of \$67,741 for the three months ended March 31, 2009. Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) was a loss of \$71,462 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to a loss of \$50,406 for the three months ended March 31, 2009.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

As of March 31, 2010, we had total current assets of \$819,451 and total assets in the amount of \$1,543,944. Our total current liabilities as of March 31, 2010 were \$931,175.

Galaxy's operating activities used \$138,573 in cash for the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to \$20,643 in cash generated for the three months ended March 31, 2009. The primary components of our negative operating cash flow for the three months ended March 31, 2010 were our net loss of \$99,508, increases in accounts receivable of \$10,890, inventory of \$22,975 and a decrease in accounts payable of \$35,490 offset by non cash charges consisting of depreciation and amortization expenses, \$5,753; provision for bad debts, \$9,000; and share based compensation, \$4,000.

Cash flows used in investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2010 were \$14,379, consisting of \$6,509 in acquisition of property and equipment, increases in other assets of \$20,825 offset by \$12,955 in payments received on a note receivable. Cash used by financing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2010 were \$55,976 consisting of \$54,937 in payments on notes payable-related party, \$5,705 in payments on notes payable offset by \$4,666 in payments received on stock subscription receivable.

We intend to fund our continuing operations through increased sales. Additionally the issuance of debt or equity financing arrangements may be required to fund expenditures or other cash requirements. On April 1, 2010 the Company sold a total of 1,428,572 shares of common stock and 714,286 warrants for total cash proceeds of \$500,000.

Despite this funding there is no assurance that we will be successful in raising additional funding, if necessary. If we are not able to secure additional funding, the implementation of our business plan could be impaired. There can be no assurance that such additional financing will be available to us on acceptable terms or at all. In addition, we may incur higher capital expenditures in the future to expand our operations. We may from time to time acquire products and businesses complementary to our business. As a public entity, we may issue shares of our common stock and preferred stock in private or public offerings to obtain financing, capital or to acquire other businesses that can improve our performance and growth. To the extent that we seek to acquire other businesses in exchange for our common stock, fluctuations in our stock price could have a material adverse effect on our ability to complete acquisitions.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

In December 2001, the SEC requested that all registrants list their most "critical accounting polices" in the Management Discussion and Analysis. The SEC indicated that a "critical accounting policy" is one which is both important to the portrayal of a company's financial condition and results, and requires management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain. Currently, we do not believe that we have any accounting policies that fit this definition.

#### **Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

We do not expect the adoption of recently issued accounting pronouncements to have a significant impact on our results of operations, financial position or cash flow.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

A smaller reporting company is not required to provide the information required by this Item.

#### Item 4T. Controls and Procedures

We carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of September 30, 2009. This evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and our former Interim Chief Financial Officer, Robert Saucier. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and former Interim Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of September 30, 2009, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective. There have been no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting during the quarter ended March 31, 2010.

Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act are recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

#### Limitations on the Effectiveness of Internal Controls

Our management does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will necessarily prevent all fraud and material error. Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving our objectives and our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective at that reasonable assurance level. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the internal control. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### **PART II - OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

(See Note 9 of Item 1 Financial Statements regarding current litigation)

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

A smaller reporting company is not required to provide the information required by this Item.

#### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

On April 1, 2010 the Company sold a total of 1,428,572 shares of common stock and 714,286 warrants for total cash proceeds of \$500,000. The offering and sale of the shares was exempt from registration under Rule 506 of Regulation D. The shares were offered exclusively to accredited and/or sophisticated investors and there was no general solicitation or advertising.

#### Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

None

#### Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

No matters have been submitted to our security holders for a vote, through the solicitation of proxies or otherwise, during the quarterly period ended March 31, 2010.

#### Item 5. Other Information

None

#### Item 6. Exhibits

<b>Exhibit</b>	Description of Exhibit
<u>Number</u>	
<u>31.1</u>	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-
	Oxley Act of 2002
<u>31.2</u>	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-
	Oxley Act of 2002
<u>32.1</u>	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to
	Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

#### **SIGNATURES**

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

#### **Galaxy Gaming, Inc**

Date: May 17,2010

By: /s/ Robert Saucier

Robert Saucier

President, Chief Executive Officer and Director

#### **Galaxy Gaming, Inc**

Date: May 17,2010

By: /s/ Andrew Zimmerman

Andrew Zimmerman

Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary

#### **CERTIFICATIONS**

#### I, Robert Saucier, certify that;

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2010 of Galaxy Gaming, Inc. (the "registrant");
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions
    about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on
    such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.
  - 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
    - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
    - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 17, 2010

/s/ Robert Saucier
By: Robert Saucier

Title: Chief Executive Officer

#### **CERTIFICATIONS**

#### I, Andrew Zimmerman, certify that;

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2010 of Galaxy Gaming, Inc. (the "registrant");
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.
  - 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
    - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
    - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 17, 2010

/s/ Andrew Zimmerman
By: Andrew Zimmerman
Title: Chief Financial Officer

# CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the quarterly Report of Galaxy Gaming, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2010 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), We, Robert Saucier and Andrew Zimmerman, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the consolidated financial condition of the Company as of the dates presented and the consolidated result of operations of the Company for the periods presented.

By: /s/ Robert Saucier

Name: Robert Saucier

Title: Principal Executive Officer, President

and Director

Date: May 17, 2010

By: /s/ Andrew Zimmerman

Name: Andrew Zimmerman

Title: Principal Financial Officer, Treasurer

and Secretary

Date: May 17, 2010

This certification has been furnished solely pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.